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## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 6:

C12Q 1/68, C12P 19/34, C07H 21/02, 21/04

(11) International Publication Number: WO 98/03683

(43) International Publication Date: 29 January 1998 (29.01.98)

US

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US97/12606

(22) International Filing Date: 18 July 1997 (18.07.97)

(30) Priority Data: 60/020,998 19 July 1996 (19.07.96)

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(81) Designated States: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ARIPO patent (GH, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

**Published** 

With international search report.

(54) Title: DNA ENCODING CANINE VON WILLEBRAND FACTOR AND METHODS OF USE

(57) Abstract

The complete sequence of the canine von Willebrand Factor cDNA and deduced amino acid sequence is provided. The mutation which causes von Willebrand's Disease in Scottish Terriers, a single base deletion in exon 4, has also been determined. Methods for detecting carriers of the defective vWF gene are also provided.

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# DNA ENCODING CANINE VON WILLEBRAND FACTOR AND METHODS OF USE

#### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates generally to canine von Willebrand factor (vWF), and more particularly, to the gene encoding vWF as well as a genetic defect that causes canine von Willebrand's disease.

#### BIOLOGICAL DEPOSITS

#### SEQUENCE

ACCESSION NO.

Canine von Willebrand Factor

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#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

In both dogs and humans, von Willebrand's disease (vWD) is a bleeding disorder of variable severity that results from a quantitative or qualitative defect in von Willebrand factor (vWF) (Ginsburg, D. et al., *Blood* 79:2507-2519 (1992); Ruggeri, Z.M., et al., *FASEB J* 7:308-316 (1993); Dodds, W.J., *Mod Vet Pract* 681-686 (1984); Johnson, G.S. et al., *JAVMA* 176:1261-1263 (1988); Brooks, M., *Probl In Vet Med* 4:636-646 (1992)). This clotting factor has two known functions, stabilization of Factor VIII (hemophilic factor A) in the blood, and aiding the adhesion of platelets to the subendothelium, which allows them to provide hemostasis more effectively. If the factor is missing or defective, the patient, whether human or dog, may bleed severely.

The disease is the most common hereditary bleeding disorder in both species, and is genetically and clinically heterogenous. Three clinical types, called 1, 2, and 3 (formerly I, II, and III; see Sadler, J.E. et al., *Blood* 84:676-679 (1994) for nomenclature changes), have been described. Type 1 vWD is inherited in a dominant, incompletely penetrant fashion. Bleeding appears to be due to the reduced level of vWF rather than a qualitative difference. Although this is the most common form of vWD found in most mammals, and can cause serious bleeding problems, it is generally less severe than the other two types. In addition, a relatively inexpensive vasopressin analog (DDAVP) can help alleviate symptoms (Kraus, K.H. et al., *Vet Surg* 18:103-109 (1989)).

In Type 2 vWD, patients have essentially normal levels of vWF, but the factor is abnormal as determined by specialized tests (Ruggeri, Z.M., et al., FASEB J 7:308-316 (1993); Brooks, M., Probl In Vet Med 4:636-646 (1992)). This type is also

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inherited in a dominant fashion and has only rarely been described in dogs (Turrentine, M.A., et al., Vet Clin North Am Small Anim Pract 18:275 (1988)).

Type 3 vWD is the most severe form of the disease. It is inherited as an autosomal recessive trait, and affected individuals have no detectable vWF in their blood. Serious bleeding episodes require transfusions of blood or cryoprecipitate to supply the missing vWF. Heterozygous carriers have moderately reduced factor concentrations, but generally appear to have normal hemostasis.

Scottish terriers have Type 3 vWD (Dodds, W.J., *Mod Vet Pract* 681-686 (1984); Johnson, G.S. et al., *JAVMA* 176:1261-1263 (1988)). Homozygotes have no detectable vWF and have a severe bleeding disorder. Heterozygotes have reduced levels of the factor, and are clinically normal (Brooks, M. et al., *JAVMA* 200:1123-1127 (1992)). The prevalence of vWD among Scottish terriers including both heterozygotes and homozygotes has been variously estimated from 27-31% (Stokol, T. et al., *Res. Vet. Sci.* 59:152-155 (1995); Brooks, M., *Proc. 9th ACVIM Forum* 89-91 (1991)).

Currently, detection of affected and carrier Scottish terrier dogs is done by vWF antigen testing (Benson, R.E. et al., *Am J Vet Res* 44:399-403 (1983); Stokol, T. et al., *Res. Vet. Sci.* 59:152-155 (1995)) or by coagulation assays (Rosborough, T.K. et al., *J. Lab. Clin. Med.* 96:47-56 (1980); Read, M.S. et al., *J. Lab. Clin. Med.* 101:74-82 (1983)). These procedures yield variable results, as the protein-based tests can be influenced by such things as sample collection, sample handling, estrous, pregnancy, vaccination, age, and hypothyroidism (Strauss, H.S. et al., *New Eng J Med* 269:1251-1252 (1963); Bloom, A.L., *Mayo Clin Proc* 66:743-751 (1991); Stirling, Y. et al., *Thromb Haemostasis* 52:176-182 (1984); Mansell, P.D. et al., *Br. Vet. J.* 148:329-337 (1992); Avgeris, S. et al., *JAVMA* 196:921-924 (1990); Panciera, D.P. et al., *JAVMA* 205:1550-1553 (1994)). Thus, for example, a dog that tests within the normal range on one day, can test within the carrier range on another day. It is therefore difficult for breeders to use this information.

It would thus be desirable to provide the nucleic acid sequence encoding canine vWF. It would also be desirable to provide the genetic defect responsible for canine vWD. It would further be desirable to obtain the amino acid sequence of canine vWF. It would also be desirable to provide a method for detecting carriers of the defective vWF gene based on the nucleic acid sequence of the normal and defective vWF gene.

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#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides a novel purified and isolated nucleic acid sequence encoding canine vWF. A nucleic acid sequence containing the mutation that causes vWD in Scottish terriers, a single-base deletion in exon 4, is also provided. The nucleic acid sequences of the present invention may be used in methods for detecting carriers of the mutation that causes vWD. Such methods may be used by breeders to reduce the frequency of the disease-causing allele and the incidence of disease. In addition, the nucleic acid sequence of the canine vWF provided herein may be used to determine the genetic defect that causes vWD in other breeds as well as other species.

Additional objects, advantages, and features of the present invention will become apparent from the following description, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The various advantages of the present invention will become apparent to one skilled in the art by reading the following specification and by referencing the following drawings in which:

Figures 1A-1C is the nucleic acid sequence of the canine von Willebrand factor of the present invention;

Figures 2A-2C is a comparison of the human and canine prepro-von Willebrand factor amino acid sequences;

Figure 3 provides nucleotide sequencing ladders for the von Willebrand's disease mutation region for normal (clear), carrier, and affected Scottish terriers, the sequences being obtained directly from PCR products derived from genomic DNAs in exon 4;

Figure 4 illustrates the results of a method of the present invention used to detect the Scottish terrier vWD mutation; and

Figure 5 shows the Scottish terrier pedigree, which in turn illustrates segregation of the mutant and normal vWF alleles.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The cDNA encoding canine von Willebrand Factor (vWF) has been sequenced, and its sequence is set forth in Figures 1A-1C and SEQ ID NO: 1. The amino acid sequence corresponding to the cDNA of canine vWF has been subsequently deduced and is set forth in Figures 2A-2C and SEQ ID NO: 2. The mutation of the normal vWF gene which causes von Willebrand's Disease (vWD),

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a deletion at codon 88 of the normal gene resulting in a frameshift, is also provided. The nucleic acid sequences of the present invention may be used in methods for detecting homozygous and heterozygous carriers of the defective vWF gene.

In a preferred method of detecting the presence of the von Willebrand allele in canines, DNA samples are first collected by relatively noninvasive techniques, *i.e.*, DNA samples are obtained with minimal penetration into body tissues of the animals to be tested. Common noninvasive tissue sample collection methods may be used and include withdrawing buccal cells via cheek swabs and withdrawing blood samples. Following isolation of the DNA by standard techniques, PCR is performed on the DNA utilizing pre-designed primers that produce enzyme restriction sites on those DNA samples that harbor the defective gene. Treatment of the amplified DNA with appropriate restriction enzymes such as *Bsi*E I thus allows one to analyze for the presence of the defective allele. One skilled in the art will appreciate that this method may be applied not only to Scottish terriers, but to other breeds such as Shetland sheepdogs and Dutch Kooikers.

Overall, the present invention provides breeders with an accurate, definitive test whereby the undesired vWD gene may be eliminated from breeding lines. The current tests used by breeders are protein- based, and as noted previously, the primary difficulty with this type of test is the variability of results due to a variety of factors. The ultimate result of such variability is that an inordinate number of animals fall into an ambiguous grouping whereby carriers and noncarriers cannot be reliably distinguished. The present invention obviates the inherent limitations of protein-based tests by detecting the genetic mutation which causes vWD. As described in Specific Example 1, the methods of the present invention provide an accurate test for distinguishing noncarriers, homozygous carriers and heterozygous carriers of the defective vWF gene.

It will be appreciated that because the vWF cDNA of the present invention is substantially homologous to vWF cDNA throughout the canine species, the nucleic acid sequences of the present invention may be used to detect DNA mutations in other breeds as well. In addition, the canine vWF sequence presented herein potentially in combination with the established human sequence (Genbank Accession No. X04385, Bonthron, D. et al., *Nucleic Acids Res.* 14:7125-7128 (1986); Mancuso, D.J. et al., *Biochemistry* 30:253-269 (1989); Meyer, D. et al., *Throm Haemostasis* 70:99-104 (1993)), may be used to facilitate sequencing of the vWF

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gene and genetic defects causing vWD, in other mammalian species e.g., by using cross-species PCR methods known by those skilled in the art.

It is also within the contemplation of this invention that the isolated and purified nucleic acid sequences of the present invention be incorporated into an appropriate recombinant expression vector, e.g., viral or plasmid, which is capable of transforming an appropriate host cell, either eukaryotic (e.g., mammalian) or prokaryotic (e.g., E. coli). Such DNA may involve alternate nucleic acid forms, such as cDNA, gDNA, and DNA prepared by partial or total chemical synthesis. The DNA may also be accompanied by additional regulatory elements, such as promoters, operators and regulators, which are necessary and/or may enhance the expression of the vWF gene product. In this way, cells may be induced to over-express the vWF gene, thereby generating desired amounts of the target vWF protein. It is further contemplated that the canine vWF polypeptide sequence of the present invention may be utilized to manufacture canine vWF using standard synthetic methods. One skilled in the art will also note that the defective protein encoded by the defective vWF gene of the present invention may also be of use in formulating a complementary diagnostic test for canine vWD that may provide further data in establishing the presence of the defective allele. Thus, production of the defective vWF polypeptide, either through expression in transformed host cells as described above for the active vWF polypeptide or through chemical synthesis, is also contemplated by the present invention.

The term "gene" as to referred herein means a nucleic acid which encodes a protein product. The term "nucleic acid" refers to a linear array of nucleotides and nucleosides, such as genomic DNA, cDNA and DNA prepared by partial or total chemical synthesis from nucleotides. The term "encoding" means that the nucleic acid may be transcribed and translated into the desired polypeptide. "Polypeptide" refers to amino acid sequences which comprise both full-length proteins and fragments thereof. "Mutation" as referred to herein includes any alteration in a nucleic acid sequence including, but not limited to, deletions, substitutions and additions.

As referred to herein, the term "capable of hybridizing under high stringency conditions" means annealing a strand of DNA complementary to the DNA of interest under highly stringent conditions. Likewise, "capable of hybridizing under low stringency conditions" refers to annealing a strand of DNA complementary to the DNA of interest under low stringency conditions. In the present invention, hybridizing

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under either high or low stringency conditions would involve hybridizing a nucleic acid sequence (e.g., the complementary sequence to SEQ ID NO: 1 or portion thereof), with a second target nucleic acid sequence. "High stringency conditions" for the annealing process may involve, for example, high temperature and/or low salt content, which disfavor hydrogen bonding contacts among mismatched base pairs. "Low stringency conditions" would involve lower temperature, and/or lower salt concentration than that of high stringency conditions. Such conditions allow for two DNA strands to anneal if substantial, though not near complete complementarity exists between the two strands, as is the case among DNA strands that code for the same protein but differ in sequence due to the degeneracy of the genetic code. Appropriate stringency conditions which promote DNA hybridization, for example, 6X SSC at about 45 °C, followed by a wash of 2X SSC at 50 °C are known to those skilled in the art or can be found in Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, NY (1989), 6.31-6.3.6. For example, the salt concentration in the 15 wash step can be selected from a low stringency of about 2X SSC at 50 °C to a high stringency of about 0.2X SSC at 50 °C. In addition, the temperature in the wash step can be increased from low stringency at room temperature, about 22 °C, to high stringency conditions, at about 65 °C. Other stringency parameters are described in Maniatis, T., et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring NY, (1982), at pp. 387-389; see also Sambrook J. et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, Second Edition, Volume 2, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring, NY at pp. 8.46-8.47 (1989).

## SPECIFIC EXAMPLE 1 **Materials And Methods**

Isolation of RNA. The source of the RNA was a uterus from a Scottish Terrier affected with vWD (factor level < 0.1% and a clinical bleeder), that was surgically removed because of infection. Spleen tissue was obtained from a Doberman Pinscher affected with vWD that died from dilated cardiomyopathy (factor level 7% and a clinical bleeder). Total RNA was extracted from the tissues using Trizol (Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD). The integrity of the RNA was assessed by agarose gel electrophoresis.

Design of PCR primer sets. Primers were designed to a few regions of the gene, where sequences from two species were available (Lavergne, J.M. et al., Biochem Biophys Res Commun 194:1019-1024 (1993); Bakhshi, M.R. et al., Biochem Biophys Acta 1132:325-328 (1992)). These primers were designed using

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rules for cross-species' amplifications (Venta et al., "Genes-Specific Universal Mammalian Sequence-Tagged Sites: Application To The Canine Genome" *Biochem. Genet.* (1996) in press). Most of the primers had to be designed to other regions of the gene using the human sequence alone (Mancuso, D.J. et al., *Biochemistry* 30:253-269 (1991)). Good amplification conditions were determined by using human and canine genomic DNAs.

Reverse Transcriptase-PCR. Total RNA was reverse transcribed using random primers (Bergenhem, N.C.H. et al., PNAS (USA) 89:8789-8802 (1992)). The cDNA was amplified using the primer sets shown to work on canine genomic DNA.

DNA Sequence Analysis. Amplification products of the predicted sizes were isolated from agarose gels by adsorption onto silica gel particles using the manufacturer's method (Qiagen, Chatsworth, CA). Sequences were determined using <sup>32</sup>P-5′ end-labeled primers and a cycle sequencing kit (United States Biochemical Corp., Cleveland, OH). The sequences of the 5′ and 3′ untranslated regions were determined after amplification using Marathon™ RACE kits (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA). Sequences were aligned using the Eugene software analysis package (Lark Technologies, Houston, TX). The sequence of the canine intron four was determined from PCR-amplified genomic DNA.

Design of a Diagnostic Test. PCR mutagenesis was used to create diagnostic and control BsiE 1 and Sau96 I restriction enzyme sites for the test. Amplification conditions for the test are: 94°C, 1 min, 61°C, 1 min, and 72°C, 1 min, for 50 cycles using cheek swab DNA (Richards, B. et al., Human Molecular Genetics 2:159-163 (1992)).

Population Survey. DNA was collected from 87 Scottish terriers from 16 pedigrees. DNA was isolated either from blood using standard procedures (Sambrook, J. et al., Cold Harbor Spring Lab, Cold Harbor Spring NY, 2nd Edition, (1989)) or by cheek swab samples (Richards, B. et al., Human Molecular Genetics 2:159-163 (1992)). The genetic status of each animal in the survey was determined using the BsiE I test described above.

Results

Comparison of the canine and human sequences. The alignment of the canine and human prepro-von Willebrand Factor amino acid sequences is shown in Figures 2A-2C. The location of the Scottish terrier vWD mutation is indicated by the Potential N-glycosylation sites are shown in bold type. The known and postulated integrin binding sites are boxed. Amino acid numbers are shown on the

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right side of the figure. The human sequence is derived from Genbank accession number X04385 (Bonthron, D. et al., *Nucleic Acids Res.* 14:7125-7128 (1986)).

Overall, 85.1% sequence identity is seen between the prepro-vWF sequences. The pro-region is slightly less conserved than the mature protein (81.4% vs. 87.5%). There were no other noteworthy percentage sequence identity differences seen in other regions of the gene, or between the known repeats contained within the gene (data not shown). Fourteen potential N-linked glycosylation sites are present in the canine sequence, all of which correspond to similar sites contained within the human sequence. The two integrin binding sites identified in the human vWF protein sequence (Lankhof, H. et al., Blood 86:1035-1042 (1995)) are conserved in the canine sequence as well (Figures 2A-2C). The 5' and 3' untranslated regions have diverged to a greater extent than the coding region (data not shown), comparable to that found between the human and bovine sequences derived for the 5' flanking region (Janel, N. et al., Gene 167:291-295 (1995)). Additional insights into the structure and function of the von Willebrand factor can be gained by comparison of the complete human sequence (Mancuso, D.J. et al., Biochemistry 30:253-269 (1989); Meyer, D. et al., Throm Haemostasis 70:99-104 (1993)) and the complete canine sequence reported here.

The sequence for most of exon 28 was determined (Mancuso, D.J. et al., *Thromb Haemost* 69:980 (1993); Porter, C.A. et al., *Mol Phylogenet Evol* 5:89-101 (1996)). All three sequences are in complete agreement, although two silent variants have been found in other breeds (Table 1, exon 28). Partial sequences of exons 40 and 41 (cDNA nucleotide numbers 6923 to 7155, from the initiation codon) were also determined as part of the development of a polymorphic simple tandem repeat genetic marker (Shibuya, H. et al., *Anim Genet* 24:122 (1994)). There is a single nucleotide sequence difference between this sequence ("T") and the sequence of the present invention, ("C") at nucleotide position 6928.

Scottish Terrier vWD mutation. Figure 3 shows nucleotide sequencing ladders for the von Willebrand's Disease mutation region for normal (clear), carrier, and affected Scottish terriers. The sequences were obtained directly from PCR products derived from genomic DNAs in exon 4. The arrowheads show the location of the C nucleotide that is deleted in the disease-causing allele. Note that in the carrier ladder each base above the point of the mutation has a doublet appearance, as predicted for deletion mutations. The factor levels reported for these animals were: Normal, 54%; Carrier, 34%; Affected, <0.1%.

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As a result of the deletion, a frameshift mutation at codon 88 leads to a new stop codon 103 bases downstream. The resulting severely truncated protein of 119 amino acids does not include any of the mature von Willebrand factor region. The identity of the base in the normal allele was determined from an unaffected dog.

Development of a diagnostic test. A PCR primer was designed to produce a BsiE I site in the mutant allele but not in the normal allele (Figure 4). The position of the deleted nucleotide is indicated by an asterisk. The altered nucleotides in each primer are underlined. The normal and mutant allele can also be distinguished using Sau96 I. The naturally occurring Sau96 I sites are shown by double underlines. The highly conserved donor and acceptor dinucleotide splice sequences are shown in bold type.

In order to ensure that the restriction enzyme cut the amplified DNA to completion, an internal control restriction site common to both alleles was designed into the non-diagnostic primer. The test was verified by digestion of the DNA from animals that were affected, obligate carriers, or normal (based on high factor levels [greater than 100% of normal] obtained from commonly used testing labs and reported to us by the owners, and also using breeds in which Type 3 vWD has not been observed). The expected results were obtained (e.g., Figure 5). Five vWD-affected animals from a colony founded from Scottish terriers (Brinkhous, K.M. et al., Ann. New York Acad. Sci. 370:191-203 (1981)) were also shown to be homozygous for this mutation. An additional unaffected animal from this same colony was found to be clear.

It would still be possible to misinterpret the results of the test if restriction enzyme digestion was not complete, and if the rates of cleavage of the cont778rol and diagnostic sites were vastly different. The rates of cleavage of the two BsiE I sites were thus examined by partially digesting the PCR products and running them on capillary electrophoresis. The rates were found to be very nearly equal (the diagnostic site is cut 12% faster than the control site).

The mutagenesis primer was also designed to produce a Sau96 I site into the normal allele but not the mutant allele. This is the reverse relationship compared to the BsiE I-dependent test, with respect to which allele is cut. Natural internal Sau96 I sites serve as digestion control sites (shown in Figure 4). The test using this enzyme produced identical genotypic results compared to the BsiE I for all animals examined (data not shown).

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A possible mutation in the Doberman Pinscher gene. The complete Scottish terrier sequence was compared to the complete Doberman Pinscher sequence. Several nucleotide differences were found and were compared to the nucleotides found in the same position in the human sequence as shown in Table 1 below. Most of these changes were silent. However, of three amino acid changes, one is relatively non-conservative (F905L) and is proposed to be the mutation that causes Doberman Pinscher vWD. Other data strongly suggest that the nucleotide interchange at the end of exon 43 causes a cryptic splice site to be activated reducing the amount of normally processed mRNA, with a concomitant decrease in the amount of vWF produced.

Mendelian inheritance. One test often used to verify the correct identification of a mutant allele is its inheritance according to Mendel's law of segregation. Three pedigrees were examined in which the normal and mutant alleles were segregating, as shown in Figure 5. Exon four of the vWF gene was PCR-amplified from genomic DNA. The PCR products were examined for the presence of the normal and mutant vWF alleles by agarose gel electrophoresis after digestion with Bs/E I (see Figure 5). The affected animals are homozygous for the mutant allele (229 bp; lanes 3 and 5). The other animals in this pedigree are heterozygotes (251 bp and 229 bp; lanes 1, 2, 4, and 6), including the obligate carrier parents.

Table 1 - Differences Between Scottie And Doberman
Protein And Nucleotide von Willebrand Factor Sequences
With Comparison To The Human Sequences

		·	Amino Acid			Codon	
5' UT <sup>2</sup> 4 5 11 21 21 24 24 28 28	A.A.1	Human	Scottle	Doberman	Human	Scottie	Doberman
5' UT²	nuc - 35 <sup>3</sup>	N/A <sup>4</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>A</b>	G
11	<b>85</b> .	s	S/F.Shift <sup>5</sup>	s	TCC	TCC/TC_	TCC
5	173	М	R	κ	ATG	AGG	AAG
11	422		T	Т	TCC	ACA	ACC
21	898	С	С	C	TGC	TGT	TGC
21	905	F	F	L	ш	TTC	TTA
24	1041	s	s	\$	TCA	TCA	TCG
24	1042	s	·· S	S.	TCC	TCC	TCA
28-	1333	D	D	E	GAC	GAC	GAG
28	1349	Y	Υ.	Y	TAT	TAT	TAC*
42	2381	Р	L	. Р	CCC	CTG	CCG
43	2479	s	\$	S	TCG	TCG	TCA
45	2555	Р	P	P	ccc	CCC	CCG
47	2591	Р	P	P	ccc	сст	ccc
49	2672	ם	D	D	GAT	GAT	GÄC
51	2744	E	E	E	GAG.	GAG	GAA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Amino acid residue position

25 <sup>5</sup>Frameshift mutation

Boxed residues show amino acid differences between breeds

\*This site has been shown to be polymorphic in some breeds

The mature VWF protein begins in exon 18

The alleles, as typed by both the *Bsi*E I and *Sau*96 I tests, showed no inconsistencies with Mendelian inheritance. One of these pedigrees included two affected animals, two phenotypically normal siblings, and the obligate carrier parents. The two parents were found to be heterozygous by the test, the two affected animals were found to be homozygous for the mutant allele, and the normal siblings were found to be heterozygotes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Untranslated region

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Nucleotide position

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Not Applicable

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Population survey for the mutation. Cheek swabs or blood samples were collected from 87 animals in order to determine the incidence of carriers in the U.S. Scottish terrier population. Although we attempted to make the sample as random as possible, these dogs were found to come from 16 pedigrees, several of which are more distantly interconnected. This is due to some ascertainment bias, based on ownership (as opposed to phenotypic ascertainment bias). In these 87 animals four affected and 15 carrier animals were found.

#### Discussion

These results establish that the single base deletion found in exon four of the vWF gene causes vWD in the Scottish terrier breed. The protein produced from the mutant allele is extremely short and does not include any of the mature vWF protein. Four Scottish terriers known to be affected with the disease are homozygous for the mutation. Five other mixed-breed dogs descended from Scottish terriers, and affected with vWD, are also homozygous for the mutation. No normal animals are homozygous for the mutation. Unaffected obligate carriers are always heterozygous for the mutation.

The gene frequency, as determined from the population survey, appears to be around 0.13 resulting in a heterozygote frequency of about 23% and expected frequency of affected animals of about 2%. Although the sample size is relatively small and somewhat biased, these data are in general agreement with the protein-based surveys (Stokol, T. et al., Res Vet Sci 59:152-155 (1995); Brooks, M., Probl In Vet Med 4:636-646 (1992)), in that the allele frequency is substantial.

All data collected thus far indicate that this mutation accounts for essentially all of the von Willebrand's disease found in Scottish terriers. This result is consistent with the results found for other genetic diseases, defined at the molecular level, in various domestic animals (Shuster, D.E. et al., *PNAS (USA)* 89:9225-9229 (1992); Rudolph, J.A. et al., *Nat Genet* 2:144-147 (1992); O'Brien, P.J. et al., *JAVMA* 203:842-851 (1993)). A likely explanation may be found in the pronounced founder effect that occurs in domestic animals, compared to most human and wild animal populations.

Published data using the protein-based factor assays have shown that, at least in several instances, obligate carriers have had factor levels that would lead to a diagnosis of "clear" of the disease allele. For example, in one study an obligate carrier had a factor level of 78% (Johnson, G.S. et al., *JAVMA* 176:1261-1263 (1980)). In another study, at least some of the obligate carriers had factor levels of

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65% or greater (Brinkhous, K.M. et al., *Ann. New York Acad. Sci.* 370:191-203 (1981)). In addition, the number of animals that fall into an equivocal range can be substantial. In one study, 19% of Scottish terriers fell in this range (50-65% of the normal vWF antigen level) (Stokol, T. et al., *Res Vet Sci* 59:152-155 (1995)). Thus, although the protein-based tests have been useful, the certainty of the DNA-based test described herein should relieve the necessity of repeated testing and the variability associated with the protein-based assays.

The mutation is present in the pre-vWF part of the molecule. This part of the molecule is processed off prior to delivery of the mature protein into the plasma. This pre-portion of the molecule is important for the assembly of the mature vWF protein (Verwiej, L. et al., *EBMO J* 6:2885-2890 (1987); Wise, R.J. et al., *Cell* 52:229-236 (1988)). With the Scottish terrier frameshift vWD mutation, neither this pre-portion nor any of the mature factor is ever produced, in keeping with the fact that no factor has ever been detected in the blood of affected dogs.

The determination of the complete canine vWF cDNA sequence will have an impact upon the development of carrier tests for other breeds and other species as well. Currently, Shetland sheepdogs and Dutch Kooikers are known to have a significant amount of Type 3 vWD (Brooks, M. et al., JAVMA 200:1123-1127 (1992); Slappendel, R.J., Vet-Q 17:S21-S22 (1995)). Type 3 vWD has occasionally be seen in other breeds as well (e.g., Johnson, G.S. et al., JAVMA 176:1261-1263 (1980)). All Type 3 vWD mutations described in humans to date have been found within the vWF gene itself. The availability of the canine sequence will make it easier to find the mutations in these breeds. In addition, at least some Type 1 mutations have been found within the human vWF gene, and thus Type 1 mutations may also be found within the vWF gene for breeds affected with that form of the disease. The availability of two divergent mammalian vWF cDNA sequences will also make it much easier to sequence the gene from other mammalian species using cross-species PCR methods (e.g., Venta et al., Biochem. Genet. (1996) in press).

The test described herein for the detection of the mutation in Scottish terriers may be performed on small amounts of DNA from any tissue. The tissues that are the least invasive to obtain are blood and buccal cells. For maximum convenience, a cheek swab as a source of DNA is preferred.

The foregoing discussion discloses and describes merely exemplary embodiments of the present invention. One skilled in the art will readily recognize from such discussion, and from the accompanying drawings, that various changes,

modifications and variations can be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.

All patents and other publications cited herein are expressly incorporated by reference.

#### SEQUENCE LISTING

- (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:
  - (i) APPLICANT: Venta, Patrick J Yuzbasiyan-Gurkan, Vilma Schall, William D Brewer, George J
  - (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: DNA ENCODING CANINE VON WILLEBRAND FACTOR AND METHODS OF USE
  - (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 2
  - (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
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    - (D) STATE: Michigan
    - (E) COUNTRY: USA
    - (F) ZIP: 48098
  - (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
    - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
    - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
    - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
    - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25
  - (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
    - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
    - (B) FILING DATE:
    - (C) CLASSIFICATION:
  - (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
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      - (B) TELEFAX: 248-641-0270
      - (C) TELEX: 287637
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
  - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
    - (A) LENGTH: 8802 base pairs
    - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
    - (C) STRANDEDNESS: double
    - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
  - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
  - (iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO
  - (iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO
  - (ix) FEATURE:
    - (A) NAME/KEY: CDS
    - (B) LOCATION: 203..8641
    - (D) OTHER INFORMATION: /function= "Blood Clotting Protein" /product= "Canine von Willebrand Factor" /standard\_name= "vWF"

(×)	PUBLICATION INFORMATION:	
(3.7	(A) AUTHORS: Venta, Patrick J.	
	Li. Jianping	
	Yuzbasiyan-Gurkan,	Vilma

Schall, William D. Brewer, George J.

- Brewer, George J.

  (B) TITLE: Von Willebrand's Disease in the Scottish

  Terrier is Caused by a Single Base Deletion in

  Exon Four of the von Willebrand Factor Gene

  (C) JOURNAL: Journal of the American Veterinary Medicine Association

  (G) DATE: 1996

  (K) DELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEC. IN SE

(K) RELEVANT RESIDUES IN SEQ ID NO:1: FROM 1 TO 8802

## (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:	
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ACTTTGCACA CGGACAGTAG TACATACCAG TAGCTCTCTG CGAGGACGGT GATCACTAAT	180
CATTTCTCCT GCTTCGTGGC AG ATG AGT CCT ACC AGA CTT GTG AGG GTG CTG  Met Ser Pro Thr Arg Leu Val Arg Val Leu  1 5 10	232
CTG GCT CTG GCC CTC ATC TTG CCA GGG AAA CTT TGT ACA AAA GGG ACT Leu Ala Leu Ala Leu Ile Leu Pro Gly Lys Leu Cys Thr Lys Gly Thr 15 20 25	280
GTT GGA AGG TCA TCG ATG GCC CGA TGT AGC CTT CTC GGA GGT GAC TTC Val Gly Arg Ser Met Ala Arg Cys Ser Leu Leu Gly Gly Asp Phe 30	328
ATC AAC ACC TTT GAT GAG AGC ATG TAC AGC TTT GCG GGA GAT TGC AGT  Ile Asn Thr Phe Asp Glu Ser Met Tyr Ser Phe Ala Gly Asp Cys Ser  45	376
TAC CTC CTG GCT GGG GAC TGC CAG GAA CAC TCC ATC TCA CTT ATC GGG Tyr Leu Leu Ala Gly Asp Cys Gln Glu His Ser Ile Ser Leu Ile Gly 60 65 70	424
GGT TTC CAA AAT GAC AAA AGA GTG AGC CTC TCC GTG TAT CTC GGA GAA Gly Phe Gln Asn Asp Lys Arg Val Ser Leu Ser Val Tyr Leu Gly Glu 75 80 85 90	472
TTT TTC GAC ATT CAT TTG TTT GTC AAT GGT ACC ATG CTG CAG GGG ACC Phe Phe Asp Ile His Leu Phe Val Asn Gly Thr Met Leu Gln Gly Thr 95	520
CAA AGC ATC TCC ATG CCC TAC GCC TCC AAT GGG CTG TAT CTA GAG GCC Gln Ser Ile Ser Met Pro Tyr Ala Ser Asn Gly Leu Tyr Leu Glu Ala 110	568
GAG GCT GGC TAC TAC AAG CTG TCC AGT GAG GCC TAC GGC TTT GTG GCC Glu Ala Gly Tyr Tyr Lys Leu Ser Ser Glu Ala Tyr Gly Phe Val Ala 125	616
AGA ATT GAT GGC AAT GGC AAC TTT CAA GTC CTG CTG TCA GAC AGA TAC Arg Ile Asp Gly Asn Gly Asn Phe Gln Val Leu Leu Ser Asp Arg Tyr 140	664
TTC AAC AAG ACC TGT GGG CTG TGT GGC AAC TTT AAT ATC TTT GCT GAG Phe Asn Lys Thr Cys Gly Leu Cys Gly Asn Phe Asn Ile Phe Ala Glu 155 160	712

GAT Asp	GAC Asp	TTC Phe	AAG Lys	ACT Thr 175	CAA Gln	GAA ( Glu (	GGG Gly	Thr	TTG Leu 180	ACT Thr	TCG Ser	GAC Asp	CCC Pro	TAT Tyr 185	GAC Asp	760
Phe	Ala	Asn	Ser 190	TGG Trp	Ala	Leu	ser	195	GIY	GIU	GIII	Arg	200	בינת	*** 3	808
Val	Ser	Pro 205	Pro	AGC Ser	ser	Pro	Cys 210	ASN	vai.	ser	per	215		742	01	856
Gln	Val 220	Leu	Trp	GAG Glu	Gln	Cys 225	GID	Leu	Leu	гуз	230	,ALG	Der			904
Ala 235	Arg	Cys	His	CCG Pro	Leu 240	Val	Asp	PIO	GIU	245	FIIC	vaı		Dea	250	952
Glu	Arg	Thr	Leu	TGC Cys 255	Thr	Cys	vaı	GID	260	Mec	GIU	cys	710	265	Aτω	1000
Val	Leu	Leu	Glu 270	TAC Tyr	Ala	Arg	Ala	275	Ala		GIII	Gry	280	•41		1048
Tyr	Gly	Trp 285	Thr	GAC Asp	His	Ser	Val 290	cys	Arg	PIO	Ala	295	FLO	,	diy	1096
Met	Glu 300	Tyr	Lys	GAG Glu	Cys	Val 305	ser	Pro	Cys	1111	310	1111	Cys		501	1144
Leu 315	His	Val	Lys	Gļu	Val 320	Cys	GIN	GIU	GIII	325	Val	. ASE	, 01,	<b>- - - - - - - - - -</b>	AGC Ser 330	1192
Cys	Pro	Glu	Gly	335	Leu	Leu	Asp	GIU	340	)	. Cys	, va.		345		1240
Glu	Cys	Ser	350	; Val	His	Ala	GTÅ	35!	n Arg	i i	. PL	<i>)</i>	360	)	TCC Ser	1288
Lei	. Lev	365	ı Ası	o Cys	.His	Thr	370	)	е су:	s Arí	j AS	37	5		ATC o Ile	1336
TG( Cys	380 380	c Asi	r GA	A GAA	TGC Cys	C CCA Pro , 385	) GT	C GA Y Gl	G TG u Cy	T CTO	G GT u Va 39	7 711	A GG r Gl	A CA	g TCC n Ser?	1384
CA Hi 39	s Ph	c AA e Ly	G AG s Se	C TT(	C GAG e Asj 40	p Ası	AG Ar	G TA g Ty	C TT r Ph	C AC e Th 40	r Pn	C AG	T GG	G GT y Va	C TGC 1 Cys 410	1432
Hi	s Ty	r Le	u Le	u Al 41	a G1: 5	n Asj	o Cy	s G1	.n As 42	р ні 20	.9 11	it Pi	ie se	42		1480
AT Il	A GA e Gl	G AC u Th	T GT ir Va 43	ıl Gl	G TG n Cy	T GC	C GA a As	p As	AC CT Sp Le	rg gr eu As	T GO	er Gi La Va	TC TC	/S .1.	c cgc ir Ārg	1528

TCG (	Val	Thr 445	Val	Arg	Leu	Pro	450	nis	urs	no	561	455		-7-			1576
Lys	Asn 460	Gly	Gly	Gly	Vai	465	Mec	Asp	GIY	G111	470		-				1624
CTC Leu 475	Leu	Gln	Gly	Asp	180	Arg	116	GIII	nis	485	*42		••	,-	490	)	1672
Arg	Leu	Ser	Tyr	GGG Gly 495	Glu	Asp	Leu	GIII	500	rop	ber	nop	,	505	4		1720
AGG Arg	CTA Leu	CTG Leu	GTG Val 510	ACG Thr	CTG Leu	TAC	CCC Pro	GCC Ala 515	TAC Tyr	GCG Ala	GGG Gly	AAG Lys	ACG Thr 520	-1-	GG(	; /	1768
CGT Arg	GGC Gly	GGG Gly 525	Asn	TAC Tyr	AAC Asn	GGC Gly	AAC Asn 530	Arg	GGG Gly	GAC Asp	GAC Asp	TTC Phe 535		ACG Thr	Pro	0	1816
GCA Ala	GGC Gly 540	Leu	GCG Ala	GAG Glu	CCC Pro	CTG Leu 545	vai	GAG Glu	GAC Asp	TTC Phe	GGG Gly 550	71.01	GCC Ala	TGG Trp	AA Ly	G s	1864
Leu 555	Leu	Gly	Ala	TGC Cys	560	Asn	Leu	( G1.1.	. Dys	565	5		,		57	0	1912
AGC Ser	CTC	AAC Asr	CCC Pro	G CGC Arg 575	GIL	GCC Ala	AGG Arg	TTI Phe	GC0 Ala 580		GA(	GCC LAla	TG( a Cy:	C GCC 5 Ala 585		'G :u	1960
CTG Leu	ACC Thi	TCC Sei	TC( Se:	AAC r Lys	TTC Phe	GAC Glu	CCC Pro	TG0 Cys 59	2 LT	C CG	A GC	G GT a Va	G GG' 1 G1 60	<u>.</u>	r CP	.g .n	2008
CCC	TAC Ty:	C GT r Va 60	l Gl	G AAG n Ası	TGC Cys	C CTO	TA: 1 Ty: 61	I AS	С GT р Va	C TG 1 Cy	C TC s Se	C TG r Cy 61	C TC s Se 5	C GA r As	p G	sc Ly	2056
AGA Arg	A GA B As 62	р Су	T CT s Le	T TG u Cy	C AG s Se	C GC r Al 62	a va	G GC 1 Al	C AA a As	C TA	C GC r Al 63	C GC a Al	A GC a Al	C GT a Va	G G	CC la	2104
CGC Arg	g Ar	G GG	C GI Y Va	G CA	C AT s Il 64	e Al	G TG a Tr	G CG P Ar	iG GA	G CC Lu Pr 64		SC TI Ly Pi	rc TC ne Cy	GT GC /s Al	G C a L 6	TG eu 50	2152
AG Se	r Cy	C CC	c cz co Gl	AG GG Ln Gl 65	.y G1	G GI n Va	G TA	AC CT	su G.	AG TO ln Ci 60	GT G( ys G)	GG AG	CC CC hr P:	ro Cy 60	SC A YS A 55	AC Isn	2200
AT Me	G A(	CC TO	ys L	rc To eu Se 70	CC CT er Le	rc To	er T	yr P	CG G ro G 75	AG G lu G	AG G lu A	AC T sp C	J	AT G sn G 80	AG C	TC al	2248
СУ	/s L	eu G 6	lu S 85	GC To	ys P	ne S	er P	90 90	10 6	TY L	,eu 1	6	95	<u>-</u> -		J	2296
G( G)	ly A	AT T sp C	GT G ys V	TG C	CC A ro L	ys A	CT C la G 05	AG I	GT C	ro (	.y	TAC T Tyr T	PAT (	O TAE	GT Sly	GAG Glu	2344

ATC Ile 715	TTT Phe	CAG Gln	CCC Pro	Glu	GAC Asp 720	ATC   Ile	TTC Phe	TCA ( Ser	Asp .	CAT His 725	CAC His	ACC Thr	ATG Met	TGC Cys	TAC Tyr 730	,	2392
TGT Cys	GAG Glu	GAT Asp	GGC Gly	TTC Phe 735	ATG Met	CAC His	TGT Cys	Thr	ACA Thr 740	AGT Ser	GGA Gly	GGC Gly	CTG Leu	GGA Gly 745	AGC Ser		2440
CTG Leu	CTG Leu	CCC Pro	AAC Asn 750	CCG Pro	GTG Val	CTC . Leu	Ser	AGC Ser 755	CCC Pro	CGG Arg	TGT Cys	CAC His	CGC Arg 760	AGC Ser	AAA Lys		2488
AGG Arg	AGC Ser	CTG Leu 765	TCC Ser	TGT Cys	CGG Arg	Pro	CCC Pro 770	ATG Met	GTC Val	AAG Lys	TTG Leu	GTG Val 775	TGT Cys	CCC Pro	GCT Ala		2536
GAT Asp	AAC Asn 780	CCG Pro	AGG Arg	GCT Ala	GAA Glu	GGA Gly 785	CTG Leu	GAG Glu	TGT Cys	GCC Ala	AAA Lys 790	ACC Thr	TGC Cys	CAG Gln	AAC Asn		2584.
Tyr 795	Asp	Leu	Gln	Cys	<b>Met</b> 800	Ser	Thr	GIY.	Cys	805	ser	GGC Gly	Cys	neu.	810		2632
CCG Pro	CAG Gln	GGC Gly	ATG Met	GTC Val 815	CGG Arg	CAT His	GAA Glu	AAC Asn	AGG Arg 820	CAa	GTG Val	GCG Ala	CTG Leu	GAA Glu 825	AGA Arg		2680
TGT Cys	CCC Pro	TGC Cys	TTC Phe 830	CAC His	CAA Gln	GGC Gly	CAA Gln	GAG Glu 835	TAC Tyr	GCC Ala	CCA Pro	GGA Gly	GAA Glu 840	ACC Thr	GTG Val		2728
AAA Lys	ATT Ile	GAC Asp 845	TGC Cys	AAC Asn	ACT Thr	TGT Cys	GTC Val 850	TGT Cys	CGG Arg	GAC Asp	CGG Arg	AAG Lys 855	TGG Trp	ACC Thr	TGC Cys		2776
ACA Thr	GAC Asp 860	CAT His	GTG Val	TGT Cys	GAT Asp	GCC Ala 865	ACT Thr	TGC Cys	TCT Ser	GCC Ala	ATC Ile 870	GLA	ATG Met	GCG Ala	CAC His		2824
TAC Tyr 875	Leu	ACC Thr	TTC Phe	Asp	GGA Gly 880	CTC Leu	AAG Lys	TAC Tyr	CTG Leu	TTC Phe 885	CCT Pro	GGG Gly	GAG Glu	TGC Cys	CAG Gĺn 890		2872
TAT Tyr	GTT Val	CTG Leu	GTG Val	CAG Gln 895	GAT Asp	TAC Tyr	TGC Cys	GGC	AGT Ser 900	Asn	CCT Pro	GGG Gly	ACC	Leu 905	CGG Arg		2920
ATC	CTG Leu	GTG Val	GGG Gly	Asn Asn	GAG Glu	GGG	TGC Cys	AGC Ser 915	TYY	CCC	TCA Ser	GTG Val	AAA Lys 920	Cys	AAG Lys		2968
AAG Lys	CGG Arg	GT( Val 925	Thr	ATC	CTG Leu	GTG Val	GAA Glu 930	r GTÅ	GGA Gly	GAG Glu	ATT	GAA Glu 935	i her	TTI Phe	GAT Asp		3016
G17	GAG Glu 940	ı Va	AA E L Asi	r GTC n Val	AAG Lys	AAA Lys 945	Pro	ATG Met	AAG Lys	GAT ASI	GAC Glu 950	נחד ג	CAC His	TTT Phe	GAG Glu		3064
GT( Val 95	l Val	A GA	G TC' u Se:	r GGT	CAC Glr 960	ı Tyr	GT(	C ATT	CTC Lev	G CTC Lev 96	ı Le	G GGG	AAC Y Ly:	G GC	A CTC a Leu 970		3112
TC' Se:	r GT(	G GT l Va	C TG	G GAG p Asj 97	p His	C CGC	CTC	G AGO	r Ile 98	e Se	r GT r Va	G AC	C CT r Le	G AA u Ly 98	G CGG s Arg 5		3160

	2000
ACA TAC CAG GAG CAG GTG TGT GGC CTG TGT GGG AAT TTT GAT GGC ATC Thr Tyr Gln Glu Gln Val Cys Gly Leu Cys Gly Asn Phe Asp Gly Ile 990 995	3208
CAG AAC AAT GAT TTC ACC AGC AGC AGC CTC CAA ATA GAA GAA GAC CCT Gln Asn Asp Phe Thr Ser Ser Leu Gln Ile Glu Glu Asp Pro 1005 1010 1015	3256
GTG GAC TTT GGG AAT TCC TGG AAA GTG AAC CCG CAG TGT GCC GAC ACC Val Asp Phe Gly Asn Ser Trp Lys Val Asn Pro Gln Cys Ala Asp Thr 1020 1030	3304
AAG AAA GTA CCA CTG GAC TCA TCC CCT GCC GTC TGC CAC AAC AAC ATC Lys Lys Val Pro Leu Asp Ser Ser Pro Ala Val Cys His Asn Asn Ile 1035	3352
ATG AAG CAG ACG ATG GTG GAT TCC TCC TGC AGG ATC CTC ACC AGT GAT Met Lys Gln Thr Met Val Asp Ser Ser Cys Arg Ile Leu Thr Ser Asp 1055	3400
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ATT TGC ATC TAC GAC ACT TGC TCC TGT GAG TCC ATT GGG GAC TGC ACC Ile Cys Ile Tyr Asp Thr Cys Ser Cys Glu Ser Ile Gly Asp Cys Thr 1085	3496
TGC TTC TGT GAC ACC ATT GCT GCT TAC GCC CAC GTC TGT GCC CAG CAT  Cys Phe Cys Asp Thr Ile Ala Ala Tyr Ala His Val Cys Ala Gln His  1100 1105 1110	3544
GGC AAG GTG GTA GCC TGG AGG ACA GCC ACA TTC TGT CCC CAG AAT TGC Gly Lys Val Val Ala Trp Arg Thr Ala Thr Phe Cys Pro Gln Asn Cys 1120 1125 1130	3592
GAG GAG CGG AAT CTC CAC GAG AAT GGG TAT GAG TGT GAG TGG CGC TAT Glu Glu Arg Asn Leu His Glu Asn Gly Tyr Glu Cys Glu Trp Arg Tyr 1135 1140 1145	3640
AAC AGC TGT GCC CCT GCC TGT CCC ATC ACG TGC CAG CAC CCC GAG CCA Asn Ser Cys Ala Pro Ala Cys Pro Ile Thr Cys Gln His Pro Glu Pro 1150 1155	3688
CTG GCA TGC CCT GTA CAG TGT GTT GAA GGT TGC CAT GCG CAC TGC CCT Leu Ala Cys Pro Val Gln Cys Val Glu Gly Cys His Ala His Cys Pro 1165 1170 1175	3736
CCA GGG AAA ATC CTG GAT GAG CTT TTG CAG ACC TGC ATC GAC CCT GAA Pro Gly Lys Ile Leu Asp Glu Leu Leu Gln Thr Cys Ile Asp Pro Glu 1180 1185	3784
GAC TGT CCT GTG TGT GAG GTG GCT GGT CGC TTG GCC CCA GGA AAG Asp Cys Pro Val Cys Glu Val Ala Gly Arg Arg Leu Ala Pro Gly Lys 1200 1205 1210	3832
AAA ATC ATC TTG AAC CCC AGT GAC CCT GAG CAC TGC CAA ATT TGT AAT Lys Ile Ile Leu Asn Pro Ser Asp Pro Glu His Cys Gln Ile Cys Asn 1225 1220 1225	3880
TGT GAT GGT GTC AAC TTC ACC TGT AAG GCC TGC AGA GAA CCC GGA AGT Cys Asp Gly Val Asn Phe Thr Cys Lys Ala Cys Arg Glu Pro Gly Ser 1230 1235 1240	3928
GTT GTG GTG CCC CCC ACA GAT GGC CCC ATT GGC TCT ACC ACC TCG TAT Val Val Pro Pro Thr Asp Gly Pro Ile Gly Ser Thr Thr Ser Tyr 1245	3976

GTG GAG GAC ACG TCG GAG CCG CCC CTC CAT GAC TTC CAC TGC AGC AGG Val Glu Asp Thr Ser Glu Pro Pro Leu His Asp Phe His Cys Ser Arg 1260 1265 1270	4024
CTT CTG GAC CTG GTT TTC CTG CTG GAT GGC TCC TCC AAG CTG TCT GAG Leu Leu Asp Leu Val Phe Leu Leu Asp Gly Ser Ser Lys Leu Ser Glu 1275 1280 1285 1290	4072
GAC GAG TTT GAA GTG CTG AAG GTC TTT GTG GTG GGT ATG ATG GAG CAT Asp Glu Phe Glu Val Leu Lys Val Phe Val Val Gly Met Met Glu His 1295 1300 1305	4120
CTG CAC ATC TCC CAG AAG CGG ATC CGC GTG GCT GTG GAG TAC CAC Leu His Ile Ser Gln Lys Arg Ile Arg Val Ala Val Val Glu Tyr His 1310 1315 1320	4168
GAC GGC TCC CAC GCC TAC ATC GAG CTC AAG GAC CGG AAG CGA CCC TCA Asp Gly Ser His Ala Tyr Ile Glu Leu Lys Asp Arg Lys Arg Pro Ser 1325 1330 1335	4216
GAG CTG CGG CGC ATC ACC AGC CAG GTG AAG TAC GCG GGC AGC GAG GTG Glu Leu Arg Arg Ile Thr Ser Gln Val Lys Tyr Ala Gly Ser Glu Val 1340 1345 1350	4264
GCC TCC ACC AGT GAG GTC TTA AAG TAC ACG CTG TTC CAG ATC TTT GGC Ala Ser Thr Ser Glu Val Leu Lys Tyr Thr Leu Phe Gln Ile Phe Gly 1355	4312
AAG ATC GAC CGC CCG GAA GCG TCT CGC ATT GCC CTG CTC CTG ATG GCC Lys Ile Asp Arg Pro Glu Ala Ser Arg Ile Ala Leu Leu Met Ala 1375	4360
AGC CAG GAG CCC TCA AGG CTG GCC CGG AAT TTG GTC CGC TAT GTG CAG Ser Gln Glu Pro Ser Arg Leu Ala Arg Asn Leu Val Arg Tyr Val Gln 1390 1395 1400	4408
GGC CTG AAG AAG AAA GTC ATT GTC ATC CCT GTG GGC ATC GGG CCC Gly Leu Lys Lys Lys Val Ile Val Ile Pro Val Gly Ile Gly Pro 1405	4456
CAC GCC AGC CTT AAG CAG ATC CAC CTC ATA GAG AAG CAG GCC CCT GAG His Ala Ser Leu Lys Gln Ile His Leu Ile Glu Lys Gln Ala Pro Glu 1420 1425 1430	4504
AAC AAG GCC TTT GTG TTC AGT GGT GTG GAT GAG TTG GAG CAG CGA AGG Asn Lys Ala Phe Val Phe Ser Gly Val Asp Glu Leu Glu Gln Arg Arg 1435 1440 1445 1450	4552
GAT GAG ATT ATC AAC TAC CTC TGT GAC CTT GCC CCC GAA GCA CCT GCC Asp Glu Ile Ile Asn Tyr Leu Cys Asp Leu Ala Pro Glu Ala Pro Ala 1455 1460 1465	4600
CCT ACT CAG CAC CCC CCA ATG GCC CAG GTC ACG GTG GGT TCG GAG CTG Pro Thr Gln His Pro Pro Met Ala Gln Val Thr Val Gly Ser Glu Leu 1470 1475 1480	4648
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GTG GTG TTT GTC CTG GAA GGG TCA GAC AAA ATT GGT GAG GCC AAC TTT Val Val Phe Val Leu Glu Gly Ser Asp Lys Ile Gly Glu Ala Asn Phe 1500 1505 1510	4744
AAC AAA AGC AGG GAG TTC ATG GAG GAG GTG ATT CAG CGG ATG GAC GTG Asn Lys Ser Arg Glu Phe Met Glu Glu Val Ile Gln Arg Met Asp Val 1515 1520 1530	4792

GGC CAG GAC AGG ATC CAC GTC ACA GTG CTG CAG TAC TCG TAC ATG GTG Gly Gln Asp Arg Ile His Val Thr Val Leu Gln Tyr Ser Tyr Met Val 1535	4840
ACC GTG GAG TAC ACC TTC AGC GAG GCG CAG TCC AAG GGC GAG GTC CTA Thr Val Glu Tyr Thr Phe Ser Glu Ala Gln Ser Lys Gly Glu Val Leu 1550 1560	4888
CAG CAG GTG CGG GAT ATC CGA TAC CGG GGT GGC AAC AGG ACC AAC ACT Gln Gln Val Arg Asp Ile Arg Tyr Arg Gly Gly Asn Arg Thr Asn Thr 1565	4936
GGA CTG GCC CTG CAA TAC CTG TCC GAA CAC AGC TTC TCG GTC AGC CAG Gly Leu Ala Leu Gln Tyr Leu Ser Glu His Ser Phe Ser Val Ser Gln 1580 1585	4984
GGG GAC CGG GAG CAG GTA CCT AAC CTG GTC TAC ATG GTC ACA GGA AAC Gly Asp Arg Glu Gln Val Pro Asn Leu Val Tyr Met Val Thr Gly Asn 1595 1600 1605 1610	5032
CCC GCT TCT GAT GAG ATC AAG CGG ATG CCT GGA GAC ATC CAG GTG GTG Pro Ala Ser Asp Glu Ile Lys Arg Met Pro Gly Asp Ile Gln Val Val 1615 1620 1625	5080
CCC ATC GGG GTG GGT CCA CAT GCC AAT GTG CAG GAG CTG GAG AAG ATT Pro Ile Gly Val Gly Pro His Ala Asn Val Gln Glu Leu Glu Lys Ile 1630 1635 1640	5128
GGC TGG CCC AAT GCC CCC ATC CTC ATC CAT GAC TTT GAG ATG CTC CCT Gly Trp Pro Asn Ala Pro Ile Leu Ile His Asp Phe Glu Met Leu Pro 1645	5176
CGA GAG GCT CCT GAT CTG GTG CTA CAG AGG TGC TGC TCT GGA GAG GGG Arg Glu Ala Pro Asp Leu Val Leu Gln Arg Cys Cys Ser Gly Glu Gly 1660 1665 1670	5224
CTG CAG ATC CCC ACC CTC TCC CCC ACC CCA GAT TGC AGC CAG CCC CTG Leu Gln Ile Pro Thr Leu Ser Pro Thr Pro Asp Cys Ser Gln Pro Leu 1675 1680 1685 1690	5272
GAT GTG GTC CTC CTG GAT GGC TCT TCC AGC ATT CCA GCT TCT TAC Asp Val Val Leu Leu Asp Gly Ser Ser Ser Ile Pro Ala Ser Tyr 1695 1700 1705	5320
TTT GAT GAA ATG AAG AGC TTC ACC AAG GCT TTT ATT TCA AGA GCT AAT Phe Asp Glu Met Lys Ser Phe Thr Lys Ala Phe Ile Ser Arg Ala Asn 1710 1715 1720	5368
ATA GGG CCC CGG CTC ACT CAA GTG TCG GTG CTG CAA TAT GGA AGC ATC Ile Gly Pro Arg Leu Thr Gln Val Ser Val Leu Gln Tyr Gly Ser Ile 1725 1730 1735	5416
ACC ACT ATC GAT GTG CCT TGG AAT GTA GCC TAT GAG AAA GTC CAT TTA Thr Thr Ile Asp Val Pro Trp Asn Val Ala Tyr Glu Lys Val His Leu 1740 1745 1750	5464
CTG AGC CTT GTG GAC CTC ATG CAG CAG GAG GGA GGC CCC AGC GAA ATT Leu Ser Leu Val Asp Leu Met Gln Gln Glu Gly Gly Pro Ser Glu Ile 1755 1760 1765 1770	5512
GGG GAT GCT TTG AGC TTT GCC GTG CGA TAT GTC ACC TCA GAA GTC CAT Gly Asp Ala Leu Ser Phe Ala Val Arg Tyr Val Thr Ser Glu Val His 1775 1780 1785	5560
GGT GCC AGG CCC GGA GCC TCG AAA GCG GTG GTT ATC CTA GTC ACA GAT Gly Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala Ser Lys Ala Val Val Ile Leu Val Thr Asp 1790 1795 1800	5608

GTC T	Ser	Val 1805	Asp	Ser	Val	Asp	Ala 1810	Ala	Aļa	GIU	Ala	1815	Arg	261	ASII		5656
	Val ' 1820	Thr	Val	Phe	Pro	11e 1825	Gly	IIe	GIA	Asp	1830	Tyr	Ser	GIU.	AIA	!	5704
CAG ( Gln I 1835	CTG :	AGC Ser	AGC Ser	TTG Leu	GCA Ala 1840	Gly	CCÀ Pro	AAG Lys	GCT Ala	GGC Gly 1845	ser	AAT Asn	ATG Met	GTA Val	AGG Arg 1850	!	5752
CTC (	CAG ( Gln	CGA Arg	Ile	GAA Glu 1855	Asp	CTC Leu	CCC Pro	ACC Thr	GTG Val 1860	Ala	ACC Thr	CTG Leu	GGA Gly	AAT Asn 186	Ser	• •	5800
TTC T	TTC Phe	CAC His	AAG Lys 1870	Leu	TGC Cys	TCT Ser	GGG Gly	TTT Phe 1879	Asp	AGA Arg	GTT Val	TGC Cys	GTG Val 1880	ASP	GAG Glu		5848
GAT (	Gly	AAT Asn 1885	Glu	AAG Lys	AGG Arg	CCC Pro	GGG Gly 1890	Asp	GTC Val	TGG Trp	ACC Thr	TTG Leu 189	Pro	GAC Asp	CAG Gln		5896
TGC ( Cys )	CAC His 1900	Thr	GTG Val	ACT Thr	TGC Cys	CTG Leu 190	Pro	GAT Asp	GGC Gly	CAG Gln	ACC Thr 191	Leu	CTG Leu	AAG Lys	AGT Ser		5944
CAT His 1	Arg	GTC Val	AAC Asn	TGT Cys	GAC Asp 192	Arg	GGG Gly	CCA Pro	AGG Arg	CCT Pro 192	ser	TGC Cys	CCC	WOII	GGC Gly 1930		5992
CAG Gln	CCC Pro	CCT Pro	CTC Leu	AGG Arg 193	Val	GAG Glu	GAG Glu	ACÇ Thr	TGT Cys 194	GIA	TGC Cys	CGC Arg	TGG Trp	ACC Thr 194	TGT Cys 5		6040
CCC Pro	TGT Cys	GTG Val	TGC Cys 195	Met	GGC	AGC Ser	TCT Ser	ACC Thr 195	Arg	CAC His	ATC Ile	GTG Val	ACC Thr 196	Pile	GAT Asp	· .	6088
GGG Gly	CAG Gln	AAT Asn 196	Phe	AAG Lys	CTG Leu	ACT Thr	GGC Gly 197	Ser	TGT Cys	TCG Ser	TAT Tyr	GTC Val 197	meu	TTT Phe	CAA Gln		6136
AAC Asn	AAG Lys 1980	Glu	CAG Gln	GAC Asp	CTG Leu	GAG Glu 198	Val	ATT	CTC Leu	CAG Gln	AAT Asn 199	r GTA	GCC Ala	TGC Cys	AGC Ser		6184
CÇT Pro 1995	Gly	GCG Ala	AAG Lys	GAG Glu	ACC Thr 200	Cys	ATG	AAA Lys	TCC Ser	ATT	GIU	GTG Val	AAG Lys	CAT His	GAC Asp 2010		6232
GGC Gly	CTČ Leu	TCA Ser	GTT Val	GA0	Lev	CAC His	AG7	GA(	ATO Met	: Glr	ATC Met	ACI Thi	A GTO	AAT L Asi 20:	r GGG 1 Gly 25		6280
AGA Arg	CTA Leu	GTC Val	TCC Ser 203	Ile	Pro	TAT	GT(	G GG' 1 G1; 20	y Gly	A GAO Y Asi	TA C	G GAI	A GT0 u Va: 204	LAS	r GTT n Val		6328
TAT Tyr	GGG	ACC Thr	: Ile	ATO	TAT	r GA(	G GT u Va 20	l Ar	A TTO	C AAG	c CA n Hi	T CT s Le 20	u GI	C CA y Hi	C ATC s Ile		6376
TTC Phe	ACA Thr 206	Phe	C ACC	C CC	C CA	A AA n As: 20	n As	T GA n Gl	G TT u Ph	C CA e Gl	n Le	G CA u Gl 70	G CT n Le	C AG u Se	c ccc r Pro		6424

AGG ACC TTT GCT Arg Thr Phe Ala 2075	TCG AAG ACA TAT Ser Lys Thr Tyr 2080	GGT CTC TGT GGG Gly Leu Cys Gly 2085	ATC TGT GAT GAG 6472 lle Cys Asp Glu 2090	2
AAC GGA GCC AAT Asn Gly Ala Asn	GAC TTC ATT CTG Asp Phe Ile Leu 2095	AGG GAT GGG ACA Arg Asp Gly Thr 2100	GTC ACC ACA GAC 6520 Val Thr Thr Asp 2105	0
TGG AAG GCA CTC Trp Lys Ala Leu 2110	Ile Gln Glu Trp	ACC GTA CAG CAG Thr Val Gln Gln 2115	CTT GGG AAG ACA 6568 Leu Gly Lys Thr 2120	8
TCC CAG CCT GTC Ser Gln Pro Val 2125	CAT GAG GAG CAG His Glu Glu Gln 213	Cys Pro Val Ser	GAA TTC TTC CAC 6616 Glu Phe Phe His 2135	6
TGC CAG GTC CTC Cys Gln Val Leu 2140	CTC TCA GAA TTG Leu Ser Glu Leu 2145	TTT GCC GAG TGC Phe Ala Glu Cys 215	His Lys Val Leu	4
GCT CCA GCC ACC Ala Pro Ala Thr 2155	TTT TAT GCC ATG Phe Tyr Ala Met 2160	TGC CAG CCC GAC Cys Gln Pro Asp 2165	AGT TGC CAC CCG 6712 Ser Cys His Pro 2170	2
AAG AAA GTG TGT Lys Lys Val Cys	GAG GCG ATT GCC Glu Ala Ile Ala 2175	TTG TAT GCC CAC Leu Tyr Ala His 2180	CTC TGT CGG ACC 6760 Leu Cys Arg Thr 2185	)
AAA GGG GTC TGT Lys Gly Val Cys 2190	Val Asp Trp Arg	AGG GCC AAT TTC Arg Ala Asn Phe 2195	TGT GCT ATG TCA 6808 Cys Ala Met Ser 2200	3
TGT CCA CCA TCC Cys Pro Pro Ser 2205	CTG GTG TAC AAC Leu Val Tyr Asn 2210	His Cys Glu His	GGC TGC CCT CGG 6856 Gly Cys Pro Arg 2215	5
CTC TGT GAA GGC Leu Cys Glu Gly 2220	AAT ACA AGC TCC Asn Thr Ser Ser 2225	TGT GGG GAC CAA Cys Gly Asp Gln 223	Pro Ser Glu Gly	Ŀ
TGC TTC TGC CCC Cys Phe Cys Pro 2235	CCA AAC CAA GTC Pro Asn Gln Val 2240	ATG CTG GAA GGT Met Leu Glu Gly 2245	AGC TGT GTC CCC 6952 Ser Cys Val Pro 2250	?
GAG GAG GCC TGT Glu Glu Ala Cys	ACC CAG TGC ATC Thr Gln Cys Ile 2255	AGC GAG GAT GGA Ser Glu Asp Gly 2260	GTC CGG CAC CAG 7000 Val Arg His Gln 2265	)
TTC CTG GAA ACC Phe Leu Glu Thr 2270	Trp Val Pro Ala	CAC CAG CCT TGC His Gln Pro Cys 2275	CAG ATC TGC ACG 7048 Gln Ile Cys Thr 2280	\$
TGC CTC AGT GGG Cys Leu Ser Gly 2285	CGG AAG GTC AAC Arg Lys Val Asn 2290	Cys Thr Leu Gln	CCC TGC CCC ACA 7096 Pro Cys Pro Thr 2295	;
GCC AAA GCT CCC Ala Lys Ala Pro 2300	ACC TGT GGC CCG Thr Cys Gly Pro 2305	TGT GAA GTG GCC Cys Glu Val Ala 231	Arg Leu Arg Gln	į
AAC GCA GTG CAG Asn Ala Val Gln 2315	TGC TGC CCG GAG Cys Cys Pro Glu 2320	TAC GAG TGT GTG Tyr Glu Cys Val 2325	TGT GAC CTG GTG 7192 Cys Asp Leu Val 2330	2
AGC TGT GAC CTG Ser Cys Asp Leu	CCC CCG GTG CCT Pro Pro Val Pro 2335	CCC TGC GAA GAT Pro Cys Glu Asp 2340	GGC CTC CAG ATG 7240 Gly Leu Gln Met 2345	)

ACC CTG ACC Thr Leu Thr	AAT CCT GGC GA Asn Pro Gly GI 2350	G TGC AGA CCC u Cys Arg Pro 2355	ASD Phe Thr C	GT GCC TGC ys Ala Cys 360	7288
AGG AAG GAT Arg Lys Asp 236	Glu Cys Arg Ar	g GAG TCC CCC g Glu Ser Pro 2370	G CCC TCT TGT C D Pro Ser Cys P 2375	CC CCG CAC ro Pro His	7336
Arg Thr Pro 2380	Ala Leu Arg Ly	s Thr Gln Cys 85	C TGT GAT GAG T S Cys Asp Glu T 2390	yr Giu Cys	7384
Ala Cys Asn 2395	Cys Val Asn Se 2400	r Thr Val Se	TGC CCG CTT G Cys Pro Leu G 2405	2410	7432
Ala Ser Ala	Val Thr Asn As 2415	p Cys Gly Cys 242		2425	7480
CCT GAC AAG Pro Asp Lys	GTG TGT GTC CA Val Cys Val H: 2430	AC CGA GGC ACC s Arg Gly Th: 2435	C ATC TAC CCT G r lle Tyr Pro V 2	TG GGC CAG al Gly Gln 440	7528
Phe Trp Glu 244	Glu Ala Cys A 5	sp Val Cys Th 2450	C TGC ACG GAC T r Cys Thr Asp I 2455	eu Glu Asp	7576
TCT GTG ATG Ser Val Met 2460	Gly Leu Arg Va	rg GCC CAG TG al Ala Gln Cy 165	C TCC CAG AAG C s Ser Gln Lys I 2470	CCC TGT GAG Pro Cys Glu	7624
GAC AAC TGC Asp Asn Cys 2475	CTG TCA GGC T Leu Ser Gly P 2480	rc ACT TAT GT ne Thr Tyr Va	C CTT CAT GAA ( l Leu His Glu ( 2485	GGC GAG TGC Gly Glu Cys 2490	7672
TGT GGA AGG Cys Gly Arg	TGT CTG CCA T Cys Leu Pro S 2495	er Ala Cys Gl	G GTG GTC ACT ( u Val Val Thr ( 00	GGT TCA CCA Gly Ser Pro 2505	<sub>.</sub> 7720
CGG GGC GAC Arg Gly Asp	GCC CAG TCT C Ala Gln Ser H 2510	AC TGG AAG AA is Trp Lys As 2515	T GTT GGC TCT ( n Val Gly Ser )	CAC TGG GCC His Trp Ala 2520	7768
Ser Pro Asp 252	Asn Pro Cys L 5	eu Ile Asn Gl 2530	G TGT GTC CGA ( u Cys Val Arg ) 2535	val Lys Glu .	7816
Glu Val Phe 2540	e Val Gln Gln A 2	rg Asn Val Se 545	er Cys Pro Gln 2550		7864
CCC ACC TGC Pro Thr Cys 2555	C CCC ACG GGC T F Pro Thr Gly I 2560	he Gln Leu Se	GC TGT AAG ACC er Cys Lys Thr 2565	TCA GAG TGT Ser Glu Cys 2570	7912
TGT CCC ACC	TGT CAC TGC C Cys His Cys C 2575	lu Pro Leu G	AG GCC TGC TTG lu Ala Cys Leu 580	CTC AAT GGT Leu Asn Gly 2585	7960
ACC ATC ATT	r GGG CCG GGG A e Gly Pro Gly 1 2590	AAA AGT CTG A Lys Ser Leu M 2595	TG ATT GAT GTG et Ile Asp Val	TGT ACA ACC Cys Thr Thr 2600	8008
TGC CGC TG Cys Arg Cy 26	s Thr Val Pro	GTG GGA GTC A Val Gly Val I 2610	TC TCT GGA TTC le Ser Gly Phe 2615	Lys Leu Glu	8056

GGC Gly	AGG Arg 262	AAG Lys O	ACC Thr	ACC Thr	TGT Cys	GAG Glu 262	Ala	TGC Cys	CCC Pro	CTG Leu	GGT Gly 263	Tyr	AAG Lys	GAA Glu	GAG Glu	8104
AAG Lys 2635	Asn	CAA Gln	GGT Gly	GAA Glu	TGC Cys 264	Cys	GGG Gly	AGA Arg	TGT Cys	CTG Leu 2649	Pro	ATA Ile	GCT Ala	TGC Cys	ACC Thr 2650	8152
ATT Ile	CAG Gln	CTA Leu	AGA Arg	GGA Gly 265	Gly	CAG Gln	ATC Ile	ATG Met	ACA Thr 2660	Leu	AAG Lys	CGT Arg	GAT Asp	GAG Glu 2665	Thr	8200
ATC Ile	CAG Gln	GAT Asp	GGC Gly 2670	Cys	GAC Asp	AGT Ser	CAC His	TTC Phe 2675	Cys	AAG Lys	GTC Val	AAT Asn	GAA Glu 2680	Arg	GGA Gly	8248
GAG Glu	TAC Tyr	ATC Ile 2685	Trp	GAG Glu	AAG Lys	AGA Arg	GTC Val 2690	Thr	GGT Gly	TGC Cys	CCA Pro	CCT Pro 2699	Phe	GAT Asp	GAA Glu	8296
CAC His	AAG Lys 2700	TGT Cys	CTG Leu	GCT Ala	GAG Glu	GGA Gly 2705	Gly	AAA Lys	ATC Ile	ATG Met	AAA Lys 2710	Ile	CCA Pro	GGC Gly	ACC Thr	8344
TGC Cys 2715	Cys	GAC Asp	ACA Thr	TGT Cys	GAG Glu 2720	Glu	CCA Pro	GAA Glu	TGC Cys	AAG Lys 2725	Asp	ATC Ile	ATT Ile	GCC Ala	AAG Lys 2730	8392
CTG Leu	CAG Gln	CGT Arg	GTC Val	AAA Lys 2735	Val	GGA Gly	GAC Asp	TGT Cys	AAG Lys 2740	Ser	GAA Glu	GAG Glu	GAA Glu	GTG Val 2745	Asp	8440
ATT Ile	CAT His	TAC Tyr	TGT Cys 2750	Glu	GGT Gly	AAA Lys	TGT Cys	GCC Ala 2755	Ser	AAA Lys	GCC Ala	GTG Val	TAC Tyr 2760	Ser	ATC Ile	8488
CAC His	ATG Met	GAG Glu 2765	Asp	GTG Val	CAG Gln	GAC Asp	CAG Gln 2770	Cys	TCC Ser	TGC Cys	TGC Cys	TCG Ser 2775	Pro	ACC Thr	CAG Gln	8536
Thr	GAG Glu 2780	CCC Pro	ATG Met	CAG Gln	GTG Val	GCC Ala 2785	Leu	CGC Arg	TGC Cys	ACC Thr	AAT Asn 2790	Gly	TCC Ser	CTC Leu	ATC Ile	8584
TAC Tyr 2795	His	GAG Glu	Ile	Leu	Asn	GCC Ala	Ile	GAA Glu	Суз	Arg	Cys	TCC Ser	CCC Pro	AGG Arg	AAG Lys 2810	8632
TGC Cys	AGC Ser	AAG Lys	TGAG	GCCA	CT G	CCTG	GATO	SC TA	CTGI	CGCC	TGC	CTT	rccc	٠		8681
GACC	TCAC	TG G	ACTO	GCCA	G AG	TGCT	GCTC	AGT	CCTC	CTC	AGTO	CTC	TC C	TGCT	CTGCT	8741
CTTG	TGCT	TC C	TGAT	CCCA	AC AA	AAAT!	GGTC	CAA:	CTTI	CAC	CTTC	IAAA	AA A	AAAA	AAAAA	8801
A																8802

#### (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
  - (A) LENGTH: 2813 amino acids
    (B) TYPE: amino acid
    (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

### (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Met Ser Pro Thr Arg Leu Val Arg Val Leu Leu Ala Leu Ala Leu Ile

Leu Pro Gly Lys Leu Cys Thr Lys Gly Thr Val Gly Arg Ser Ser Met

Ala Arg Cys Ser Leu Leu Gly Gly Asp Phe Ile Asn Thr Phe Asp Glu
40
45

Ser Met Tyr Ser Phe Ala Gly Asp Cys Ser Tyr Leu Leu Ala Gly Asp 50 55

Cys Gln Glu His Ser Ile Ser Leu Ile Gly Gly Phe Gln Asn Asp Lys 65 70 75 80

Arg Val Ser Leu Ser Val Tyr Leu Gly Glu Phe Phe Asp Ile His Leu 85 90 95

Phe Val Asn Gly Thr Met Leu Gln Gly Thr Gln Ser Ile Ser Met Pro

Tyr Ala Ser Asn Gly Leu Tyr Leu Glu Ala Glu Ala Gly Tyr Tyr Lys

Leu Ser Ser Glu Ala Tyr Gly Phe Val Ala Arg Ile Asp Gly Asn Gly

Asn Phe Gln Val Leu Leu Ser Asp Arg Tyr Phe Asn Lys Thr Cys Gly

Leu Cys Gly Asn Phe Asn Ile Phe Ala Glu Asp Asp Phe Lys Thr Gln 165 170 175

Glu Gly Thr Leu Thr Ser Asp Pro Tyr Asp Phe Ala Asn Ser Trp Ala 180 185 190

Leu Ser Ser Gly Glu Gln Arg Cys Lys Arg Val Ser Pro Pro Ser Ser

Pro Cys Asn Val Ser Ser Asp Glu Val Gln Gln Val Leu Trp Glu Gln 210 215 220

Cys Gln Leu Leu Lys Ser Ala Ser Val Phe Ala Arg Cys His Pro Leu 225 230 235

Val Asp Pro Glu Pro Phe Val Ala Leu Cys Glu Arg Thr Leu Cys Thr 245 250 255

Cys Val Gln Gly Met Glu Cys Pro Cys Ala Val Leu Leu Glu Tyr Ala 260 265 270

Arg Ala Cys Ala Gln Gln Gly Ile Val Leu Tyr Gly Trp Thr Asp His

Ser Val Cys Arg Pro Ala Cys Pro Ala Gly Met Glu Tyr Lys Glu Cys

Val Ser Pro Cys Thr Arg Thr Cys Gln Ser Leu His Val Lys Glu Val 305 310 320

Cys Gln Glu Gln Cys Val Asp Gly Cys Ser Cys Pro Glu Gly Gln Leu 325 330 335

Leu Asp Glu Gly His Cys Val Gly Ser Ala Glu Cys Ser Cys Val His 340 345 350

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- 2B -

Ala Gly Gln Arg Tyr Pro Pro Gly Ala Ser Leu Leu Gln Asp Cys His Thr Cys Ile Cys Arg Asn Ser Leu Trp Ile Cys Ser Asn Glu Glu Cys Pro Gly Glu Cys Leu Val Thr Gly Gln Ser His Phe Lys Ser Phe Asp 390 Asn Arg Tyr Phe Thr Phe Ser Gly Val Cys His Tyr Leu Leu Ala Gln Asp Cys Gln Asp His Thr Phe Ser Val Val Ile Glu Thr Val Gln Cys Ala Asp Asp Leu Asp Ala Val Cys Thr Arg Ser Val Thr Val Arg Leu Pro Gly His His Asn Ser Leu Val Lys Leu Lys Asn Gly Gly Val Ser Met Asp Gly Gln Asp Ile Gln Ile Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Asp Leu Arg Ile Gln His Thr Val Met Ala Ser Val Arg Leu Ser Tyr Gly Glu Asp Leu Gln Met Asp Ser Asp Val Arg Gly Arg Leu Leu Val Thr Leu Tyr Pro Ala Tyr Ala Gly Lys Thr Cys Gly Arg Gly Gly Asn Tyr Asn 520 Gly Asn Arg Gly Asp Asp Phe Val Thr Pro Ala Gly Leu Ala Glu Pro Leu Val Glu Asp Phe Gly Asn Ala Trp Lys Leu Leu Gly Ala Cys Glu 550 Asn Leu Gln Lys Gln His Arg Asp Pro Cys Ser Leu Asn Pro Arg Gln Ala Arg Phe Ala Glu Glu Ala Cys Ala Leu Leu Thr Ser Ser Lys Phe Glu Pro Cys His Arg Ala Val Gly Pro Gln Pro Tyr Val Gln Asn Cys Leu Tyr Asp Val Cys Ser Cys Ser Asp Gly Arg Asp Cys Leu Cys Ser Ala Val Ala Asn Tyr Ala Ala Ala Val Ala Arg Arg Gly Val His Ile Ala Trp Arg Glu Pro Gly Phe Cys Ala Leu Ser Cys Pro Gln Gly Gln Val Tyr Leu Gln Cys Gly Thr Pro Cys Asn Met Thr Cys Leu Ser Leu Ser Tyr Pro Glu Glu Asp Cys Asn Glu Val Cys Leu Glu Ser Cys Phe Ser Pro Pro Gly Leu Tyr Leu Asp Glu Arg Gly Asp Cys Val Pro Lys

705					Tyr 710					/15					, 20
Ile	Phe	Ser	Asp	His 725	His	Thr	Met	Cys	Tyr 730	Сув	Glu	Asp	Gly	Phe 1 735	Met
His	Cys	Thr	Thr 740	Ser	Gly	Gly	Leu	Gly 745	Ser	Leu	Leu	Pro	Asn 750	Pro '	Val
Leu	Ser	Ser 755	Pro	Arg	Cys	His	Arg 760	Ser	Lys	Arg	Ser	Leu 765	Ser	Cys :	Arg
Pro	Pro 770	Met	Val	Lys	Leu ·	Val 775	.Cys	Pro	Ala	Asp	Asn 780	Pro	Arg .	Ala	Glu
Gly 785	Leu	Glu	Cys	Ala	Lys 790	Thr	Cys	Gln	Asn	Tyr 795	Asp	Leu	Glņ	Cys	Met 800
Ser	Thr	Gly	Cys	Val 805	Ser	Gly	Cys	Leu	Cys 810	Pro	Gln	Gly	Met	Val 815	Arg
His	Glu	Asn	Arg 820	Cys	Val	Ala	Leu	Glu 825	Arg	Cys	Pro	Cys	Phe 830	His	Gln
Gly	Gln	Glu 835	Tyr	Ala	Pro	Gly	Glu 840	Thr	Val	Lys	Ile	Asp 845	Cys	Asn	Thr
Суз	Val 850	Cys	Arg	Asp	Arg	Lys 855	Trp	Thr	Cys	Thr	Asp 860	His	Val	Cys	Asp
865		•			Ile 870					8/5				,	000
Leu	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Phe 885	Pro	Gly	Glu	Суз	Gln 890	Tyr	Val	Leu	Val	Gln 895	Asp
Tyr	Cys	Gly	Ser 900	Asn	Pro	Gly	Thr	Leu 905	Ārg	Ile	Leu	Val	Gly 910	Asn	Glu
Gly	Cys	Ser 915		Pro	Ser	Val	Lys 920	Cys	Lys	Lys	Arg	Val 925	Thr	Ile	Leu
Val	Glu 930		Gly	Glu	Ile	Glu 935	Leu	Phe	Asp	Gly	Glu 940	Val	Asn	Val	Lys
Lys 945		Met	. Lys	Asp	Glu 950	Thr	His	Phe	Glu	Val 955	Val	Glu	Ser	Gly	Gln 960
Туг	· Val	Ile	e Lev	Leu 965	Leu ;	Gly	Lys	Ala	Lev 970	ser	Val	Val	Trp	Asp 975	His
Arg	, Lev	ı Sei	980		. Val		Lev	1 Lys 985	Arg	Thr	Tyr	Gln	990	Gln	Val
Суя	Gly	/ Let 99!		s Gly	y Asn	Phe	Asp 100	Gly 00	/ Ile	e Glr	a Asr	Asr 100	Asp )5	Phe	Thr
Se	Se:		r Lei	u Gli	n Ile	Gl:	ı Glu 15	ı Ası	p Pro	o Val	l Asp 102	Phe 20	e Gly	/ Asn	Ser
Tr:		s Va	l <sub>.</sub> As	n Pro	o Glr 103	ı Су:	s Ala	a As	p Th	10	s Ly: 35	s Va	l Pro	. Lev	Asp 104
Se	r Se	r Pr	o Al	a Va 10	1 Cy: 45	s Hi	s As	n Às	n Il 10	e Me	t Ly	s Gl:	n Thi	r Met	Val

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Asp Ser Ser Cys Arg Ile Leu Thr Ser Asp Ile Phe Gln Asp Cys Asn 1060 1065 1070

Arg Leu Val Asp Pro Glu Pro Phe Leu Asp Ile Cys Ile Tyr Asp Thr 1075 1080 1085

Cys Ser Cys Glu Ser Ile Gly Asp Cys Thr Cys Phe Cys Asp Thr Ile 1090 1095 1100

Ala Ala Tyr Ala His Val Cys Ala Gln His Gly Lys Val Val Ala Trp 1105 1110 1115 1120

Arg Thr Ala Thr Phe Cys Pro Gln Asn Cys Glu Glu Arg Asn Leu His
1125 1130 1135

Glu Asn Gly Tyr Glu Cys Glu Trp Arg Tyr Asn Ser Cys Ala Pro Ala 1140 1145 1150

Cys Pro Ile Thr Cys Gln His Pro Glu Pro Leu Ala Cys Pro Val Gln 1155 1160 1165

Cys Val Glu Gly Cys His Ala His Cys Pro Pro Gly Lys Ile Leu Asp 1170 1180

Val Ala Gly Arg Arg Leu Ala Pro Gly Lys Lys Ile Ile Leu Asn Pro 1205 1210 1215

Ser Asp Pro Glu His Cys Gln Ile Cys Asn Cys Asp Gly Val Asn Phe 1220 1225 1230

Thr Cys Lys Ala Cys Arg Glu Pro Gly Ser Val Val Pro Pro Thr 1235 1240 1245

Asp Gly Pro Ile Gly Ser Thr Thr Ser Tyr Val Glu Asp Thr Ser Glu 1250 1260

Pro Pro Leu His Asp Phe His Cys Ser Arg Leu Leu Asp Leu Val Phe 1265 1270 1280

Leu Leu Asp Gly Ser Ser Lys Leu Ser Glu Asp Glu Phe Glu Val Leu 1285 1290 1295

Lys Val Phe Val Val Gly Met Met Glu His Leu His Ile Ser Gln Lys 1300 1310

Arg Ile Arg Val Ala Val Val Glu Tyr His Asp Gly Ser His Ala Tyr 1315 1320 1325

Ile Glu Leu Lys Asp Arg Lys Arg Pro Ser Glu Leu Arg Arg Ile Thr 1330 1335 1340

Ser Gln Val Lys Tyr Ala Gly Ser Glu Val Ala Ser Thr Ser Glu Val 1345 1350 1355 1360

Leu Lys Tyr Thr Leu Phe Gln Ile Phe Gly Lys Ile Asp Arg Pro Glu 1365 1370 1375

Ala Ser Arg Ile Ala Leu Leu Met Ala Ser Gln Glu Pro Ser Arg 1380 1385 1390

Leu Ala Arg Asn Leu Val Arg Tyr Val Gln Gly Leu Lys Lys Lys 1395 1400 1405

- Val Ile Val Ile Pro Val Gly Ile Gly Pro His Ala Ser Leu Lys Gln 1410 1415 1420
- Ile His Leu Ile Glu Lys Gln Ala Pro Glu Asn Lys Ala Phe Val Phe 1425 1430 1435 1440
- Ser Gly Val Asp Glu Leu Glu Gln Arg Arg Asp Glu Ile Ile Asn Tyr 1445 1450 1455
- Leu Cys Asp Leu Ala Pro Glu Ala Pro Ala Pro Thr Gln His Pro Pro 1460 1465 1470
- Met Ala Gln Val Thr Val Gly Ser Glu Leu Leu Gly Val Ser Ser Pro 1475 1480 1485
- Gly Pro Lys Arg Asn Ser Met Val Leu Asp Val Val Phe Val Leu Glu 1490 1495 1500
- Gly Ser Asp Lys Ile Gly Glu Ala Asn Phe Asn Lys Ser Arg Glu Phe 1505 1510 1515 1520
- Met Glu Glu Val Ile Gln Arg Met Asp Val Gly Gln Asp Arg Ile His 1525 1530 1535
- Val Thr Val Leu Gln Tyr Ser Tyr Met Val Thr Val Glu Tyr Thr Phe 1540 1545 1550
- Ser Glu Ala Gln Ser Lys Gly Glu Val Leu Gln Gln Val Arg Asp Ile 1555 1560 1565
- Arg Tyr Arg Gly Gly Asn Arg Thr Asn Thr Gly Leu Ala Leu Gln Tyr 1570 1575 1580
- Leu Ser Glu His Ser Phe Ser Val Ser Gln Gly Asp Arg Glu Gln Val 1585 1590 1595 1600
- Pro Asn Leu Val Tyr Met Val Thr Gly Asn Pro Ala Ser Asp Glu Ile 1605 1610 1615
- Lys Arg Met Pro Gly Asp Ile Gln Val Val Pro Ile Gly Val Gly Pro
- His Ala Asn Val Gln Glu Leu Glu Lys Ile Gly Trp Pro Asn Ala Pro 1635 1640 1645
- Ile Leu Ile His Asp Phe Glu Met Leu Pro Arg Glu Ala Pro Asp Leu 1650 1655 1660
- Val Leu Gln Arg Cys Cys Ser Gly Glu Gly Leu Gln Ile Pro Thr Leu 1665 1670 1675 1680
- Ser Pro Thr Pro Asp Cys Ser Gln Pro Leu Asp Val Val Leu Leu Leu 1685 1690 1695
- Asp Gly Ser Ser Ser Ile Pro Ala Ser Tyr Phe Asp Glu Met Lys Ser
- Phe Thr Lys Ala Phe Ile Ser Arg Ala Asn Ile Gly Pro Arg Leu Thr
- Gln Val Ser Val Leu Gln Tyr Gly Ser Ile Thr Thr Ile Asp Val Pro 1730 1735 1740
- Trp Asn Val Ala Tyr Glu Lys Val His Leu Leu Ser Leu Val Asp Leu 1745 1750 1755 1760

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Met Gln Glu Gly Gly Pro Ser Glu Ile Gly Asp Ala Leu Ser Phe 1765 1770 1775

- Ala Val Arg Tyr Val Thr Ser Glu Val His Gly Ala Arg Pro Gly Ala 1780 1785 1790
- Ser Lys Ala Val Val Ile Leu Val Thr Asp Val Ser Val Asp Ser Val 1795 1800 1805
- Asp Ala Ala Ala Glu Ala Ala Arg Ser Asn Arg Val Thr Val Phe Pro 1810 1815 1820
- Ile Gly Ile Gly Asp Arg Tyr Ser Glu Ala Gln Leu Ser Ser Leu Ala 1825 1830 1835 1840
- Gly Pro Lys Ala Gly Ser Asn Met Val Arg Leu Gln Arg Ile Glu Asp 1845 1850 1855
- Leu Pro Thr Val Ala Thr Leu Gly Asn Ser Phe Phe His Lys Leu Cys
  1860 1865 1870
- Ser Gly Phe Asp Arg Val Cys Val Asp Glu Asp Gly Asn Glu Lys Arg 1875 1880 1885
- Pro Gly Asp Val Trp Thr Leu Pro Asp Gln Cys His Thr Val Thr Cys 1890 1895 1900
- Leu Pro Asp Gly Gln Thr Leu Leu Lys Ser His Arg Val Asn Cys Asp 1905 1910 1915 1920
- Arg Gly Pro Arg Pro Ser Cys Pro Asn Gly Gln Pro Pro Leu Arg Val 1925 1930 1935
- Glu Glu Thr Cys Gly Cys Arg Trp Thr Cys Pro Cys Val Cys Met Gly
  1940 1945 1950
- Ser Ser Thr Arg His Ile Val Thr Phe Asp Gly Gln Asn Phe Lys Leu 1955 1960 1965
- Thr Gly Ser Cys Ser Tyr Val Leu Phe Gln Asn Lys Glu Gln Asp Leu 1970 1975 1980
- Glu Val Ile Leu Gln Asn Gly Ala Cys Ser Pro Gly Ala Lys Glu Thr 1985 1990 1995 2000
- Cys Met Lys Ser Ile Glu Val Lys His Asp Gly Leu Ser Val Glu Leu 2005 2010 2015
- His Ser Asp Met Gln Met Thr Val Asn Gly Arg Leu Val Ser Ile Pro 2020 2025 2030
- Tyr Val Gly Gly Asp Met Glu Val Asn Val Tyr Gly Thr Ile Met Tyr 2035 2040 2045
- Glu Val Arg Phe Asn His Leu Gly His Ile Phe Thr Phe Thr Pro Gln 2050 2055 2060
- Asn Asn Glu Phe Gln Leu Gln Leu Ser Pro Arg Thr Phe Ala Ser Lys 2065 2070 2075 2080
- Thr Tyr Gly Leu Cys Gly Ile Cys Asp Glu Asn Gly Ala Asn Asp Phe 2085 2090 2095
- Ile Leu Arg Asp Gly Thr Val Thr Thr Asp Trp Lys Ala Leu Ile Gln 2100 2105 2110

- Glu Trp Thr Val Gln Gln Leu Gly Lys Thr Ser Gln Pro Val His Glu 2115 2120 2125
- Glu Gln Cys Pro Val Ser Glu Phe Phe His Cys Gln Val Leu Leu Ser 2130 2135 2140
- Glu Leu Phe Ala Glu Cys His Lys Val Leu Ala Pro Ala Thr Phe Tyr 2145 2150 2155 2160
- Ala Met Cys Gln Pro Asp Ser Cys His Pro Lys Lys Val Cys Glu Ala 2165 2170 2175
- Ile Ala Leu Tyr Ala His Leu Cys Arg Thr Lys Gly Val Cys Val Asp 2180 2185 2190
- Trp Arg Arg Ala Asn Phe Cys Ala Met Ser Cys Pro Pro Ser Leu Val
- Tyr Asn His Cys Glu His Gly Cys Pro Arg Leu Cys Glu Gly Asn Thr 2210 2215 2220
- Ser Ser Cys Gly Asp Gln Pro Ser Glu Gly Cys Phe Cys Pro Pro Asn 2225 2230 2235 2240
- Gln Val Met Leu Glu Gly Ser Cys Val Pro Glu Glu Ala Cys Thr Gln 2245 2250 2255
- Cys Ile Ser Glu Asp Gly Val Arg His Gln Phe Leu Glu Thr Trp Val 2260 2270
- Pro Ala His Gln Pro Cys Gln Ile Cys Thr Cys Leu Ser Gly Arg Lys 2275 2280 2285
- Val Asn Cys Thr Leu Gln Pro Cys Pro Thr Ala Lys Ala Pro Thr Cys 2290 2295 2300
- Gly Pro Cys Glu Val Ala Arg Leu Arg Gln Asn Ala Val Gln Cys Cys 2305 2310 2315 2320
- Pro Glu Tyr Glu Cys Val Cys Asp Leu Val Ser Cys Asp Leu Pro Pro 2325 2330 2335
- Val Pro Pro Cys Glu Asp Gly Leu Gln Met Thr Leu Thr Asn Pro Gly 2340 2345 2350
- Glu Cys Arg Pro Asn Phe Thr Cys Ala Cys Arg Lys Asp Glu Cys Arg 2355 2360 2365
- Arg Glu Ser Pro Pro Ser Cys Pro Pro His Arg Thr Pro Ala Leu Arg 2370 2375 2380
- Lys Thr Gln Cys Cys Asp Glu Tyr Glu Cys Ala Cys Asn Cys Val Asn 2385 2390 2395 2400
- Ser Thr Val Ser Cys Pro Leu Gly Tyr Leu Ala Ser Ala Val Thr Asn 2405 2410 2415
- Asp Cys Gly Cys Thr Thr Thr Thr Cys Phe Pro Asp Lys Val Cys Val 2420 2425 2430
- His Arg Gly Thr Ile Tyr Pro Val Gly Gln Phe Trp Glu Glu Ala Cys 2435 2440 2445
- Asp Val Cys Thr Cys Thr Asp Leu Glu Asp Ser Val Met Gly Leu Arg 2450 2455 2460

- Val Ala Gln Cys Ser Gln Lys Pro Cys Glu Asp Asn Cys Leu Ser Gly 2465 2470 2475 2486
- Phe Thr Tyr Val Leu His Glu Gly Glu Cys Cys Gly Arg Cys Leu Pro 2485 2490 2495
- Ser Ala Cys Glu Val Val Thr Gly Ser Pro Arg Gly Asp Ala Gln Ser 2500 2505 2510
- His Trp Lys Asn Val Gly Ser His Trp Ala Ser Pro Asp Asn Pro Cys 2515 2520 2525
- Leu Ile Asn Glu Cys Val Arg Val Lys Glu Glu Val Phe Val Gln Gln 2530 2540
- Arg Asn Val Ser Cys Pro Gln Leu Asn Val Pro Thr Cys Pro Thr Gly 2545 2550 2555 2560
- Phe Gln Leu Ser Cys Lys Thr Ser Glu Cys Cys Pro Thr Cys His Cys 2565 2570 2575
- Glu Pro Leu Glu Ala Cys Leu Leu Asn Gly Thr Ile Ile Gly Pro Gly 2580 2585 2590
- Lys Ser Leu Met Ile Asp Val Cys Thr Thr Cys Arg Cys Thr Val Pro 2595 2600 2605
- Val Gly Val Ile Ser Gly Phe Lys Leu Glu Gly Arg Lys Thr Thr Cys 2610 2615 2620
- Glu Ala Cys Pro Leu Gly Tyr Lys Glu Glu Lys Asn Gln Gly Glu Cys 2625 2630 2635 2640
- Cys Gly Arg Cys Leu Pro Ile Ala Cys Thr Ile Gln Leu Arg Gly Gly 2645 2650 2655
- Gln Ile Met Thr Leu Lys Arg Asp Glu Thr Ile Gln Asp Gly Cys Asp 2660 2665 2670
- Ser His Phe Cys Lys Val Asn Glu Arg Gly Glu Tyr Ile Trp Glu Lys 2675 2680 2685
- Arg Val Thr Gly Cys Pro Pro Phe Asp Glu His Lys Cys Leu Ala Glu 2690 2695 2700
- Gly Gly Lys Ile Met Lys Ile Pro Gly Thr Cys Cys Asp Thr Cys Glu 2705 2710 2715 2720
- Glu Pro Glu Cys Lys Asp Ile Ile Ala Lys Leu Gln Arg Val Lys Val 2725 2730 2735
- Gly Asp Cys Lys Ser Glu Glu Glu Val Asp Ile His Tyr Cys Glu Gly 2740 2745 2750
- Lys Cys Ala Ser Lys Ala Val Tyr Ser Ile His Met Glu Asp Val Gln 2755 2760 2765
- Asp Gln Cys Ser Cys Cys Ser Pro Thr Gln Thr Glu Pro Met Gln Val 2770 2775 2780
- Ala Leu Arg Cys Thr Asn Gly Ser Leu Ile Tyr His Glu Ile Leu Asn 2785 2790 2795 2800
- Ala Ile Glu Cys Arg Cys Ser Pro Arg Lys Cys Ser Lys 2805 2810

#### WE CLAIM:

- 1. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding canine von Willebrand Factor polypeptide.
- 2. The isolated nucleic acid of Claim 1, wherein the nucleotide sequence 5 is capable of hybridizing under high stringency conditions to SEQ ID NO. 1.
  - 3. The isolated nucleic acid of Claim 1, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes the Scottish terrier von Willebrand Factor polypeptide.
  - 4. The isolated nucleic acid of Claim 2, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes the Scottish terrier von Willebrand Factor polypeptide.
- 10 5. A vector comprising the nucleic acid of Claim 1.
  - 6. A vector comprising the nucleic acid of Claim 2.
  - 7. A cell comprising the vector of Claim 5.
  - 8. A cell comprising the vector of Claim 6.
- 9. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding defective canine von Willebrand Factor polypeptide.
  - 10. The isolated nucleic acid of Claim 9, wherein the nucleotide sequence is capable of hybridizing under high stringency conditions to the complement of SEQ ID NO. 1 having a base deletion at codon 88.
    - 11. A vector comprising the nucleic acid of Claim 9.
- 20 12. A vector comprising the nucleic acid of Claim 10.
  - 13. A cell comprising the vector of Claim 11.
  - 14. A cell comprising the vector of Claim 12.

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- 15. An isolated oligonucleotide sequence consisting of contiguous nucleic acids of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO. 1 and capable of specifically hybridizing with the canine von Willebrand Factor gene.
- 16. An isolated oligonucleotide sequence consisting of contiguous nucleic acids of the nucleotide sequence that is complementary to the sequence of SEQ ID NO. 1 and capable of specifically hybridizing with the canine von Willebrand Factor gene.
  - 17. A method of detecting a canine von Willebrand Factor gene in a sample comprising the steps of:
    - a) contacting the sample with a oligonucleotide comprising contiguous nucleic acids of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO. 1 and capable of specifically hybridizing with the canine von Willebrand Factor gene, under conditions favorable for hybridization of the oligonucleotide to any complementary sequences of nucleic acid in the sample; and
    - b) detecting hybridization, thereby detecting a canine von Willebrand Factor gene.
    - 18. The method of Claim 17, further comprising the step of:
      - c) quantifying hybridization of the oligonucleotide to complementary sequence.
  - 19. The method of Claim 17, wherein in SEQ ID NO. 1 there is a base deletion at codon 88.
  - 20. An assay kit for screening for a canine von Willebrand Factor gene comprising:
- an oligonucleotide comprising contiguous nucleic acids of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO. 1 and capable of hybridizing with the canine von Willebrand Factor gene;
  - b) reagents for hybridization of the oligonucleotide to a complementary nucleic acid sequence; and
- 30 c) container means for a)-b).

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a)

- 21. A method of detecting a canine von Willebrand Factor gene in a sample comprising the steps of:
  - contacting the sample with an oligonucleotide comprising contiguous nucleic acids of the nucleotide sequence that is complementary to the sequence of SEQ ID NO. 1 and capable of specifically hybridizing to the complementary nucleotide sequence, under conditions favorable for hybridization of the oligonucleotide to any complementary sequences of nucleic acid in the sample; and
  - b) detecting hybridization, thereby detecting a canine von
    Willebrand Factor gene
    - 22. The method of Claim 21, further comprising the step of:
      - c) quantifying hybridization of the oligonucleotide to complementary sequences.
- 15 23. The method of Claim 21, wherein in SEQ ID NO. 1 there is a base deletion at codon 88.
  - 24. An assay kit for screening for a canine von Willebrand Factor gene comprising:
    - an oligonucleotide comprising contiguous acids from the nucleotide sequence that is complementary to the sequence of SEQ ID NO. 1 and capable of specifically hybridizing to the complementary nucleotide sequence;
    - b) reagents for hybridization of the oligonucleotide to a complementary nucleic acid sequence; and
    - c) container means for a)-b).
  - 25. The assay kit of Claim 24, wherein in SEQ ID NO. 1 there is a base deletion at codon 88.

- 26. A method for detecting a mutated canine von Willebrand Factor gene in a canine DNA sample comprising the steps of:
  - a) amplifying the DNA sample by polymerase chain reaction to produce polymerase chain reaction products, wherein the polymerase chain reaction uses primers that produce a restriction site in a mutant allele but not in a normal allele;
  - digesting the polymerase chain reaction products with a restriction enzyme specific to the restriction site of the restriction site primer to produce DNA fragments; and
- 10 c) detecting the DNA fragments, thereby detecting a mutated canine von Willebrand Factor gene.
  - 27. The method of Claim 26, wherein the primers are those of Figure 4.
  - 28. The method of Claim 26, wherein the DNA fragments are detected by gel electrophoresis.
- 15 29. The method of Claim 27, wherein the restriction enzyme is Bs/EI.
  - 30. The method of Claim 27, wherein the restriction enzyme is Sau96 I.
  - 31. An oligonucleotide probe capable of detecting a mutation associated with canine von Willebrand's disease, wherein the mutation is a base deletion at codon 88 of the canine von Willebrand Factor gene.

# FIGURE 1A

1	CATTAANAGG	TCCTGGCTGG	GAGCTTTTTT	TTGGGACCAG	CACTCCATGT	TCAAGGGCAA
61	ACAGGGGCCA	ATTAGGATCA	ATCTTTTTTC	TTTCTTTTTT	TAAAAAAAAA	AATTCTTCCC
121	ACTITICCACA	CGGACAGTAG	TACATACCAG	TAGCTCTCTG	CGAGGACGGT	GATCACTAAT
181	CATTTCTCCT	GCTTCGTGGC	AGATGAGTCC	TACCAGACTT	GTGAGGGTGC	TGCTGGCTCT
241	GGCCCTCATC	TTGCCAGGGA	AACTTTGTAC	AAAAGGGACT	GTTGGAAGGT	CATCGATGGC
301	CCGATGTAGC	CTTCTCGGAG	GTGACTTCAT	CAACACCTTT	GATGAGAGCA	TGTACAGCTT
361	TGCGGGAGAT	TGCAGTTACC	TCCTGGCTGG	GGACTGCCAG	GAACACTCCA	TCTCACTTAT
421	CGGGGGTTTC	CAAAATGACA	AAAGAGTGAG	CCTCTCCGTG	TATCTCGGAG	AATTTTTCGA
481	CATTCATTTG	TTTGTCAATG	GTACCATGCT	GCAGGGGACC	CAAAGCATCT	CCATGCCCTA
E41	CCCCCCAAT	GGGCTGTATC	TAGAGGCCGA	GGCTGGCTAC	TACAAGCTGT	CCAGTGAGGC
601	CTACGGCTTT	GTGGCCAGAA	TTGATGGCAA	TGGCAACTTT	CAAGTCCTGC	TGTCAGACAG
661	ATACTTCAAC	AAGACCTGTG	GGCTGTGTGG	CAACTTTAAT	ATCTTTGCTG	AGGATGACTT
721	CAAGACTCAA	GAAGGGACGT	TGACTTCGGA	CCCCTATGAC	TTTGCCAACT	CCTGGGCCCT
781	GAGCAGTGGG	GAACAACGGT	GCAAACGGGT	GTCCCCTCCC	AGCAGCCCAT	GCAATGTCTC
841	CTCTGATGAA	GTGCAGCAGG	TCCTGTGGGA	GCAGTGCCAG	CTCCTGAAGA	GTGCCTCGGT
901	GTTTGCCCGC	TGCCACCCGC	TGGTGGACCC	TGAGCCTTTT	GTCGCCCTGT	GTGAAAGGAC
961	TCTGTGCACC	TGTGTCCAGG	GGATGGAGTG	CCCTTGTGCG	GTCCTCCTGG	AGTACGCCCG
1021	GCCTGTGCC	CAGCAGGGGA	TTGTCTTGTA	CGGCTGGACC	GACCACAGCG	TCTGCCGACC
1021	AGCATGCCCT	GCTGGCATGG	AGTACAAGGA	GTGCGTGTCC	CCTTGCACCA	GAACTTGCCA
1141	GAGCCTTCAT	GTCAAAGAAG	TGTGTCAGGA	GCAATGTGTA	GATGGCTGCA	GCTGCCCCGA
1201	GGGCCAGCTC	CTGGATGAAG	GCCACTGCGT	GGGAAGTGCT	GAGTGTTCCT	GTGTGCATGC
1261	TGGGCAACGG	TACCCTCCGG	GCGCCTCCCT	CTTACAGGAC	TGCCACACCT	GCATTTGCCG
1321	AAATAGCCTG	TGGATCTGCA	GCAATGAAGA	ATGCCCAGGC	GAGTGTCTGG	TCACAGGACA
1381	GTCCCACTTC	AAGAGCTTCG	ACAACAGGTA	CTTCACCTTC	AGTGGGGTCT	GCCACTACCT
3441	GCTGGCCCAG	GACTGCCAGG	ACCACACATT	CTCTGTTGTC	ATAGAGACTG	TCCAGTGTGC
1501	CCATGACCTG	GATGCTGTCT	GCACCCGCTC	GGTCACCGTC	CGCCTGCCTG	GACATCACAA
1561	CAGCCTTGTG	AAGCTGAAGA	ATGGGGGAGG	AGTCTCCATG	GATGGCCAGG	ATATCCAGAT
1501	TCCTCTCTC	CAAGGTGACC	TCCGCATCCA	GCACACCGTG	ATGGCCTCCG	TGCGCCTCAG
1681	CTACGGGGAG	GACCTGCAGA	TGGATTCGGA	CGTCCGGGGC	AGGCTACTGG	TGACGCTGTA
1741	CCCCGCCTAC	GCGGGGAAGA	CGTGCGGCCG	TGGCGGGAAC	TACAACGGCA	ACCGGGGGGA
1801	CGACTTCGTG	ACGCCCGCAG	GCCTGGCGGA	GCCCTGGTG	GAGGACTTCG	GGAACGCCTG
1861	GAAGCTGCTC	GGGGCCTGCG	AGAACCTGCA	GAAGCAGCAC	CGCGATCCCT	GCAGCCTCAA
1921	CCCGCGCCAG	GCCAGGTITG	CGGAGGAGGC	GTGCGCGCTG	CTGACGTCCT	CGAAGTTCGA
1981	GCCCTGCCAC	CGAGCGGTGG	GTCCTCAGCC	CTACGTGCAG	AACTGCCTCT	ACGACGTCTG
2041	CTCCTGCTCC	GACGGCAGAG	ACTGTCTTTG	CAGCGCCGTG	GCCAACTACG	CCGCAGCCGT
				GGAGCCGGGC		
2161	CCAGGGCCAG	GTGTACCTGC	AGTGTGGGAC	CCCTGCAAC	ATGACCTGTC	TCTCCCTCTC
2221	TTACCCGGAG	GAGGACTGCA	ATGAGGTCTG	CTTGGAAAGC	TGCTTCTCCC	CCCCAGGGCT
2281	GTACCTGGAT	GAGAGGGGAG	ATTGTGTGCC	CAAGGCTCAG	TGTCCCTGTT	ACTATGATGG
2341	TGAGATCTTT	CAGCCCGAAG	ACATETTETE	AGACCATCAC	ACCATGTGCT	ACTGTGAGGA
2401	TGGCTTCATG	CACTGTACCA	CAAGTGGAGG	CCTGGGAAGC	CTGCTGCCCA	ACCCGGTGCT
2461	CAGCAGCCCC	CGGTGTCACC	GCAGCAAAAG	GAGCCTGTCC	TGTCGGCCCC	CCATGGTCAA
						AAACCTGCCA
						GCCCGCAGGG
						TCCACCAAGG
						TCTGTCGGGA
						TCGGCATGGC
						AGTATGTTCT
						GGAACGAGGG
						AAGGAGGAGA
						AGACTCACTT
3063	ТСАССТССТ	CAGTOTGGG	CACTACETCE'	r memerateet	GGCAAGGCAG	TCTCTGTGGT
3121	רדהההמוטטוי	. CCCCLCIGGIC	. Washington	T CTGDIGCIG	ACATACCAGO	AGCAGGTGTG
	·					

## FIGURE 1B

3181	TGGCCTGTGT	GGGAATTTTG	ATGGCATCCA	GAACAATGAT	TTCACCAGCA	GCAGCCTCCA
3241	AATAGAAGAA	GACCCTGTGG	ACTTTGGGAA	TTCCTGGAAA	GTGAACCCGC	AGTGTGCCGA
						TCATGAAGCA
3361	GACGATGGTG	GATTCCTCCT	GCAGGATCCT	CACCAGTGAT	ATTTTCCAGG	ACTGCAACAG
3421	GCTGGTGGAC	CCTGAGCCAT	TCCTGGACAT	TTGCATCTAC	GACACTTGCT	CCTGTGAGTC
	CATTGGGGAC					
	GCATGGCAAG					
	GAATCTCCAC					
	TCCCATCACG					
	CCATGCGCAC					
	TGAAGACTGT					
	CTTGAACCCC					
	CTGTAAGGCC					
	CTCTACCACC					
	CAGGCTTCTG					
4081	TGAAGTGCTG	AAGGTCTTTG	TGGTGGGTAT	GATGGAGCAT	CTGCACATCT	CCCYCTYCCC
4141	GATCCGCGTG	GCTGTGGTGG	AGTACCACGA	CGGCTCCCAC	GCCTACATCG	ACCTCAAGGA
4201	CCGGAAGCGA	CCCTCAGAGC	TGCGGCGCAT	CACCAGCCAG	GTGLAGTACG	CEGECAGCGA
4261	GGTGGCCTCC	ACCAGTGAGG	TCTTAAAGTA	CACGCTGTTC	CAGATCTTTG	GCARGATCGA
4321	CCGCCCGGAA	GCGTCTCGCA	TTGCCCTGCT	CCTGATGGCC	AGCCAGGAGC	CCTCAAGGCT
4381	GGCCCGGAAT	TTGGTCCGCT	ATGTGCAGGG	CCTGAAGAAG	AAGAAAGTCA	TTGTCATCCC
4441	TGTGGGCATC	GGGCCCCACG	CCAGCCTTAA	GCAGATCCAC	CTCLTAGAGA	ACCAGGCCCC
4501	TGAGAACAAG	GCCTTTGTGT	TCAGTGGTGT	GGATGAGTTG	GAGCAGCGAA	GGGATGAGAT
4561	TATCAACTAC	CTCTGTGACC	TTGCCCCCGA	AGCACCTGCC	CCTACTCAGC	ACCCCCCANT
	GGCCCAGGTC					
4681	CTCCATGGTC	CTGGATGTGG	TGTTTGTCCT	GGAAGGGTCA	GACAAAATTG	GTGAGGCCAA
4741	CTTTAACAAA	AGCAGGGAGT	TCATGGAGGA	GGTGLTTCAG	CEGATEGACE	TEEECCACCA
4801	CAGGATCCAC	GTCACAGTGC	TGCAGTACTC	GTACATGGTG	ACCOTGOACT	A CA CCTTCA C
4861	CGAGGCGCAG	TCCAAGGGCG	AGGTCCTACA	GCAGGTGCGG	CATATCCCAT	ACCCCTTCAG
4921	CAACAGGACC	AACACTGGAC	TGGCCCTGCA	ATACCTGTCC	GLACACAGGT	TCTCCCTCAC
4981	CCAGGGGGAC	CGGGAGCAGG	TACCTARCCT	GGTCTACLTG	GTCACAGGAA	ACCCCCCTTC
5041	TGATGAGATC	AAGCGGATGC	CTGGAGACAT	CCAGGTGGTG	CCCATCGGG	TEGETCCACA
5101	TGCCAATGTG	CAGGAGCTGG	AGAAGATTGG	CTGGCCCAAT	CCCA1CGGG	TOUGICCACA
5161	CTTTGAGATG	CTCCCTCGAG	AGGCTCCTGA	TOTEGTECTA	CAGAGGTGCT	CCTCTCCACA
5221	GGGGCTGCAG	ATCCCCACCC	TCTCCCCCAC	CCCAGATTGC	PECCAGCCCC	TOCATOTOCT
5281	CCTCCTCCTG	GATGGCTCTT	CCAGCATTCC	ACCTTCTTAC	TTTCATCAAA	TCNACACCTT
5341	CACCAAGGCT	TTTATTTCAA	GAGCTAATAT	AGGGCCCCCC	CTCACTCAAC	TORRORGETT
5401	GCAATATGGA	AGCATCACCA	CTATCGATGT	CCCTTCCTTC	CTLACICARG	IGICGGIGCI
5461	TTTACTGAGC	CTTGTGGACC	TCATGCAGCA	GENERALEC	CCCACCCAAA	TTCCCCNTCC
5521	TTTGAGCTTT	GCCGTGCGAT	ATGTCACCTC	AGAAGTCCTT	CCCAGCGAAA	TIGGGGAIGC
5581	GAAAGCGGTG	GTTATCCTAG	TCACAGATGT	CTCCGTGGAT	TCAGTGGATG	CEGGAGEETE
5641	GGCCGCCAGA	TCCAACCGAG	TGACAGTGTT	CCCCATTGGA	TCCCCCTTC	CIGUAGCCGA
5701	GGCCCAGCTG	AGCAGCTTGG	CAGGCCCAAA	GECTGECTEC	A 1 COOOGA 1 C	CCCTCCACIGA
5761	AATTGAAGAC	CTCCCCACCG	TGGCCACCCT	GGCABATTCC	WATEL GOINA	*CCTCTAGCG
5821	TGGGTTTGAT	AGAGTTTGCG	TGGATGAGGA	TGGGAAATTCAC	ANCACCACA	WCC1G1GC1C
5881	GACCTTGCCA	GACCAGTGCC	ACACAGTGAC	TTCCCTCCCA	CATCCCCACL	GGGATGTCIG
5941	GAGTCATCGG	GTCAACTGTG	ACCGGGGGGGC	Precent	TCCCCCX XTC	CCCACCCCCAA
6001	TCTCAGGGTA	GAGGAGACCT	CTCCCTCCCC	LICCY COMOM	COCTCTCAATG	GCCAGCCCCC
6061	CTCTACCCGG	CACATCGTGA	CCTTTGATGG	C.AGWCC1G1	A D C CTC A CTC	CCALGGGCAG
6121	GTATGTCCTA	TTTCAAAACA	AGGAGCAGGA	CCTGGAATIIC	740C1GWC1G	ATCCTCCCCC
6181	CAGCCCTGGG	GCGAAGGAGA	CCTGCATGAN	TOLOGAGGIG	CTCD ACCAGA	AIGGIGCUIG
6241	AGTTGAGCTC	CACAGTGACA	TGCAGATCAC	ALCCALIGACE ALCCALIGACE	A CA CON COCO	ALGGCCTCTC
6301	TGTGGGTGGA	GACATGGAAG	TCV PACEAUNE	TCCC CC CC TCC	ACCENTANCE CO	TCATCCCATA
63 <i>E</i> 1	CCATCTTGGC	CACATCTTCA	CATTCACCCC	CCAAACCATC	WIGINIGHED	TCAGATTCAA
-				CHAMACAAI	CHOLICIACE	DATITIONS

# FIGURE 1C

	•	:				
6421	CCCCAGGACC	TTTGCTTCGA	AGACATATGG	TCTCTGTGGG	ATCTGTGATG	AGAACGGAGC
	ON A MICH COTTO	システィー	ATGGGACAGT	CACCACAGAC	IGOMAGGCAC	TCVICCNGGV
		CACCACCTTG	GGAAGACATC	CCAGCCTGTC	CATGAGGAGC	MOIGICCIGI
		WITCE A CTGCC	AGGTCCTCCT	CTCAGAATIG	TTTGCCGAGT	GCCACAAGG I
		CCCSCCTTTT	ATGCCATGTG	CCAGCCCGAC	AGTTGCCACC	COMMONMOI
	ememen cccc	2 THE CONTRACT	ATGCCCACCT	CTGTCGGACC	AAAGGGGTLI	GIGIGONCIG
		A A TITTOTGTG	CTATGTCATG	TCCACCATCC	CTGGTGTACA	ACCACIGIGA
		CCTCGGCTCT	GTGAAGGCAA	TACAAGCTCC	TGTGGGGACC	AACCCICGGA
	* CCCMCCTTC	TECCCCCCAA	ACCAAGTCAT	GCTGGAAGGT	ACCIGIGICE	CCGAGGAGGC
CDC3	CTCTNCCCNG	TGCATCAGCG	AGGATGGAGT	CCGGCACCAG	TTCCTGGAAA	CCIGGICCC
	A COCCA CCAG	CCTTGCCAGA	TCTGCACGTG	CCTCAGTGGG	CGGAAGGTCA	ACTGTACGTT
'		COCKCACCCA	カカロのサビアのカク	CTGTGGCCCG	TGTGAAGTGG	CCCGCCICCG
		CTCCACTCCT	GCCCGGAGTA	CGAGTGTGTG	TGTGACCTGG	TGAGCIGIGA
7701	CCTCCCCCCC	GTGCCTCCCT	GCGAAGATGG	CCTCCAGATG	ACCUTGACCA	AICCIGGGA
77.61	CTCCNCNCCC	AACTTCACCT	GTGCCTGCAG	GAAGGATGAA	TGCAGACGGG	AGICCCCGCC
7277	CTCTTCTCCC	CCGCACCGGA	CGCCGGCCCT	TCGGAAGACT	CAGTGCTGTG	ATGAGTATGA
7201	CTCTCCATCC	AACTGTGTCA	ACTCCACGGT	GAGCTGCCCG	CTTGGGTACC	TGGCCTCGGC
7443	TETCACCAAC	GACTGTGGCT	GCACCACAAC	AACCTGCTTC	CCTGACAAGG	TGTGTGTCCA
7501	CCCAGGCACC	ATCTACCCTG	TGGGCCAGTT	CTGGGAGGAG	GCCTGTGACG	TGTGCACCIG
7561	CACGGACTTG	GAGGACTCTG	TGATGGGCCT	GCGTGTGGCC	CAGTGCTCCC	AGAAGCCCTG
2621	TCACCACAAC	TGCCTGTCAG	GCTTCACTTA	TGTCCTTCAT	GAAGGCGAGT	GCTGTGGAAG
7681	GTGTCTGCCA	TCTGCCTGTG	AGGTGGTCAC	TGGTTCACCA	CGGGGCGACG	CCCAGTCTCA
7741	CTCCAACAAT	GTTGGCTCTC	ACTGGGCCTC	CCCTGACAAC	CCCTGCCTCA	TCAATGAGIG
7801	TGTCCGAGTG	AAGGAAGAGG	TCTTTGTGCA	ACAGAGGAAT	GTCTCCTGCC	CCCAGCTGAA
7863	TGTCCCCACC	TGCCCCACGG	GCTTCCAGCT	GAGCTGTAAG	ACCTCAGAGT	GIIGICCCAC
7921	CTGTCACTGC	GAGCCCCTGG	AGGCCTGCTT	GCTCAATGGT	ACCATCATTG	GGCCGGGGAA
7981	AAGTCTGATG	ATTGATGTGT	GTACAACCTG	CCGCTGCACC	GTGCCGGTGG	GAGTCATCTC
8041	TGGATTCAAG	CTGGAGGGCA	GGAAGACCAC	CTGTGAGGCA	TGCCCCCTGG	GTTATAAGGA
8101	AGAGAAGAAC	CAAGGTGAAT	GCTGTGGGAG	ATGTCTGCCT	ATAGCTTGCA	CCATTCAGCT
8161	AAGAGGAGGA	CAGATCATGA	CACTGAAGCG	TGATGAGACT	ATCCAGGATG	GCTGTGACAG
8221	TCACTTCTGC	AAGGTCAATG	AAAGAGGAGA	GTACATCTGG	GAGAAGAGAG	TCACGGGTTG
8281	CCCACCTTTC	GATGAACACA	AGTGTCTGGC	TGAGGGAGGA	AAAATCATGA	AAATTCCAGG
R341	CACCTGCTGT	GACACATGTG	AGGAGCCAGA	ATGCAAGGAT	ATCATTGCCA	AGCTGCAGCG
R401	TGTCAAAGTG	GGAGACTGTA	AGTCTGAAGA	.GGAAGTGGAC	ATTCATTACT	GTGAGGGTAA
8463	ATGTGCCAGC	AAAGCCGTGT	' ACTCCATCCA	<b>CATGGAGGAT</b>	GTGCAGGACC	AGTGCTCCTG
8523	CTGCTCGCCC	ACCCAGACGG	AGCCCATGC	<b>\ GGTGGCCCTG</b>	CGCTGCACCA	ATGGCTCCCT
8583	CATCTACCAT	GAGATCCTCA	ATGCCATCG	ATGCAGGTGT	TCCCCCAGGA	AGTGCAGCAA
864	GTGAGGCCAG	TGCCTGGATG	CTACTGTCG	CTGCCTTACC	CGACCTCACT	GGACTGGCCA
870	GAGTGCTGCT	CAGTCCTCCI	CAGTCCTCC	r cctgctctgc	TCTTGTGCTT	CCTGATCCCA
876	L CAATAAAGG	CAATCTTTCA	CCTTGAAAA	TAAAAAAAA A	AA .	

Human Dog	MIPARFAGVLLALALILPGTLCAEGTRGRSSTARCSLFGSDFVNTFDGSMYSFAGYCSYL-S-T-LVRKTKVML-GIED	60
Human Dog	LAGGCQKRSFSIIGDFQNGKRVSLSVYLGEFFDIHLFVNGTVTQGDQRVSMPYASKGLYLDEH-I-LGDNMLT-SIN	120
Human Dog	ETEAGYYKLSGEAYGFVARIDGSGNFQVLLSDRYFNXTCGLCGNFNIFAEDDFMTQEGTL	180
Human Dog	TSDPYDFANSWALSSGEQWCERASPPSSSCNISSGEMQKGLWEQCQLLKSTSVFARCHPL	240
Human Dog	VDPEPFVALCEKTLCECAGGLECACPALLEYARTCAQEGMVLYGWTDHSACSPVCPAGME	300
Human Dog	YRQCVSPCARTCQSLHINEMCQERCVDGCSCPEGQLLDEGLCVESTECPCVHSGKRYPPG-KETVK-VQHG-ASA-Q	360
Human Dog	TSLSRDCNTCICRNSQWICSNEECPGECLVTGQSHFKSFDNRYFTFSGICQYLLARDCQD ALQH	420
Human Dog	HSFSIVIETVQCADDRDAVCTRSVTVRLPGLHNSLVKLKHGAGVAMDGQDVQLPLLKGDL-TVL	480
Human Dog	RIQHTVTASVRLSYGEDLQMDWDGRGRLLVKLSPVYAGKTCGLCGNYNGNQGDDFLTPSGRVA-	540
Human Dog	LAEPRVEDFGNAWKLHGDCQDLQKQHSDPCALNPRMTRFSEEACAVLTSPTFEACHRAVS	600
Human Dog	PLPYLRNCRYDVCSCSDGRECLCGALASYAAACAGRGVRVAWREPGRCELNCPKGQVYLQ -QVQLDS-V-NV-RHIF-A-SQ	660
Human Dog	CGTPCNLTCRSLSYPDEECNEACLEGCFCPPGLYMDERGDCVPKAQCPCYYDGEIFQPED	720
Human Dog	IFSDHHTMCYCEDGFMHCTMSGVPGSLLPDAVLSSPLSHRSKRSLSCRPPMVKLVCPADN	780
Human Dog	LRAEGLECTKTCQNYDLECM5MGCV5GCLCPPGMVRHENRCVALERCPCFHQGKEYAPGE	840
Human Dog	TVKIGCNTCVCRDRKWNCTDHVCDATCSTIGMAHYLTFDGLKYLFPGECQYVLVQDYCGS	900
Human Dog	NPGTFRILVGNKGCSHPSVKCKKRVTILVEGGEIELFDGEVNVKRPMKDETHFEVVESGR	960
Human Dog	YIILLGKALSVVWDRHLSISVVLKQTYQEKVCGLCGNFDGIQNNDLTSSNLQVEEDPVD-VHRTRQFSI	1020
Human	FGNSWKVSSQCADTRKVPLDSSPATCHNNIMKQTMVDSSCRILTSDVFQDCNKLVDPEPY	1080

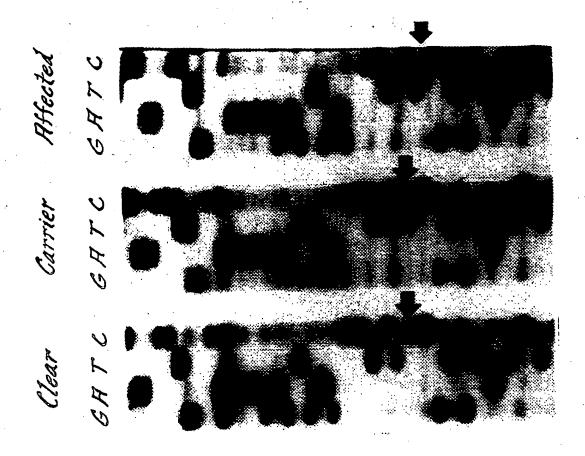
# FIGURE 2A

Human Dog	LDVCIYDTCSCESIGDCACFCDTIAAYAHVCAQHGKVVTWRTATLCPQSCEERNLRENGY	1140
Human Dog	ECEWRYNSCAPACQVTCQHPEPLACPVQCVEGCHAHCPPGKILDELLQTCVDPEDCPVCE	1200
Human . Dog	VAGRRFASGKKVTLNPSDPEHCQICHCDVVNLTCEACQEPGGLVVPPTDAPVSPTTLYVE	1260
Human Dog	DISEPPLHDFYCSRLLDLVFLLDGSSRLSEAEFEVLKAFVVDMMERLRISQKWVRVAVVE -T	1320
Human Dog	YHDGSHAYIGLKDRKRPSELRRIASQVKYAGSQVASTSEVLKYTLFQIFSKIDRPEASRI	1380
Human Dog	ALLLMASQEPQRMSRNFVRYVQGLKKKKVIVIPVGIGPHANLKQIRLIEKQAPENKAFVL	1440
Human Dog	SSVDELEQORDEIVSYLCDLAPEAPPPTLPPH:AQVTVGPGLLGVSTLGPKRNSMVLDVA -GSESPV	1500
Human Dog	FVLEGSDKIGEADFNRSKEFMEEVIQRIDVGQDSIHVTVLQYSYMVTVEYPFSEAQSKGD	1560
Human Dog	ILQRVREIRYQGGNRTNTGLALRYLSDHSFLVSQGDREQAPNLVYMVTGNPASDEIKRLP VQDRQESVM-	1620
Human Dog	GDIQVVPIGVGPNANVQELERIGWPNAPILIQDFETLPREAPDLVLQRCCSGEGLCIPTL	1680
Human Dog	SPAPDCSQPLDVILLLDGSSSFPASYFDEMKSFAKAFISKANIGPRLTQVSVLQYGSITT	1740
Human Dog	IDVPWNVVPEKAHLLSLVDVMQREGGPSQIGDALGFAVRYLTSEMHGARPGASKAVVILV	1800
Human Dog	TDVSVDSVDAAADAARSNRVTVFPIGIGDRYDAAQLRILAGPAGDSNVVKLQRIEDLPTM	1860
Human Dog	VTLGNSFLHKLCSGFVRICMDEDGNEKRPGDVWTLPDOCHTVTCQPDGQTLLKTHRVNCD	1920
Human Dog	RGLRPSCPNSQSPVKVEETCGCRWTCPCVCTGSSTRHIVTFDGQNFKLTGSCSYVLFQNK	1980
Human Dog	EQDLEVILHNGACSPGARQGCMKSIEVKHSALSVELHSDMEVTVNGRLVSVFYVGGNMEV	2040
Human Dog	NVYGAINHEVRFNHLGHIFTFTPQNNEFQLQLSPKTFASKTYGLCGICDENGANDFMLRD	2100
Human Dog	GTVTTDWKTLVQEWTVQRPGQTCQPILEEQCLVPDSSHCQVLLLPLFAECHKVLAPATFYA-IQL-K-SVHP-SEFFSE	2160

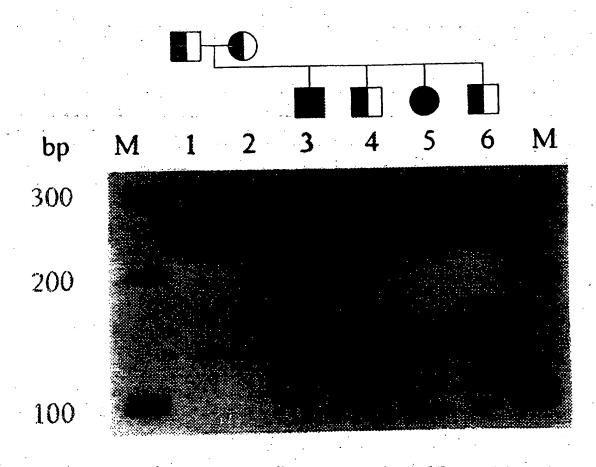
# FIGURE 2B

Human Dog	AICQQDSCHQEQVCEVIASYAHLCRTNGVCVDWRTPDFCAMSCPPSLVYNHCEHGCPRHC -MPPKKALKRANL-	2220
Human Dog	DGNVSSCGDHPSEGCFCPPDKVMLEGSCVPEEACTQCIGEDGVQHQFLEAWVPDHQPCQI ETQNQ	2280
Human Dog	CTCLSGRKVNCTTQPCPTAKAPTCGLCEVARLRQNADQCCPEYECVCDPVSCDLPPVPHC	2340
Human Dog	ERGLOPTLTNPGECRPNFTCACRKEECKRVSPPSCPPHRLPTLRKTQCCDEYECACNCVN-DMT-AT-A	2400
Human Dog	STVSCPLGYLASTATNDCGCTTTTCLPDKVCVHRSTIYPVGQFWEEGCDVCTCTDMEDAV	2460
Human Dog	MGLRVAQCSQKPCEDSCRSGFTYVLHEGECCGRCLPSACEVVTGSFRGDSQSSWKSVGSQ	2520
Human Dog	WASPENPCLINECVRVKEEVFIQQRNVSCPQLEVPVCPSGFQLSCKTSACCPSCRCERME	2580
Human Dog	ACMLNGTVIGPGKTVMIDVCTTCRCMVQVGVISGFKLECRKTTCNPCPLGYKEENNTGEC	2640
Human Dog	CGRCLPTACTIOLRGGQIMTLKRDETLODGCDTHFCKVNERGEYFWEKRVTGCPPFDEHK	2700
Human Dog	CLAEGGKIMKIPGTCCDTCEEPECNDITARLQYVKVGSCKSEVEVDIHYCQGKCASKAMY	2760
Human Dog	SIDINDVQDQCSCCSPTRTEPMQVALHCTNGSVVYHEVLNAMECKCSPRKCSK	2813

# FIGURE 2C



#### FIGURE 4



#### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US97/12606

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A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER  IPC(6) :C12Q 1/68; C12P 19/34; C07H 21/02, 21/04  US CL :435/6, 91.2; 536/23.1, 24.3, 24.33  According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC					
	DS SEARCHED				
Minimum d	ocumentation scarched (classification system follow	red by classification symbols)			
U.S. :	435/6, 91.2; 536/23.1, 24.3, 24.33				
Documenta	tion searched other than minimum documentation to th	ne extent that such documents are included	in the fields searched		
	data base consulted during the international search (see Extra Sheet.	name of data base and, where practicable	e, search terms used)		
C. DOC	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where a	appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.		
Y  A	an intron of the canine von Willebrand factor gene. Animal Genetics.				
•					
Furth	er documents are listed in the continuation of Box (	C. See patent family annex.			
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the	the priority data claimed				
	Date of the actual completion of the international search  28 AUGUST 1997  Date of mailing of the international search report  1 4 NOV 1997				
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#### INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US97/12606

#### **B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Electronic data bases consulted (Name of data base and where practicable terms used):

APS, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHDS, CABA, DGENE, DRUGU, EMBASE, MEDLINE, EUROPATFULL, JAPIO, WPIDS, USPATFULL, GENBANK

search terms: von Willebrand, sequence, clone, cloning, probes, primers, hybridization, detection, nucleic acids, mutations, canine, dogs, Scottish terriers, primers in Figure 4.

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